FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

OLD SERIES—VOL. LII—NO. 2,668.] FAYETTEVILLE N. C., THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1887. [NEW SERIES—VOL. IV—NO. 212.

THE DEAD BABY.

There was glory in my house,
And it has fled—
There was a baby at my heart,
And it is dead.
And when I sit and think of her
I am so sad
That half it seems that nevermore
Can I be glad.

If you had known this babe of mine,
She was so sweet,
You would have gone a journey
Just to kiss her feet.

* * * * * *

And should you ask me how it is
That yours must stay,
Tho' mine must spread her little wing
And fly away,
I could but say that God,
Who made this heart of mine,
Must have intended that its loss
Should be the sign
Of His own love, and that if
He can think it right
To turn my joy to sorrow
And my day to night,

I cannot doubt that
He will turn, in other ways,
My winter darkness to the
Light of summer days.

* * * * * *

And when I sit and think of this
I am so glad
That half it seems to me that nevermore
Can I be sad.

MEN OF THE TIMES.

A Peep at Our Advertisers.

(Continued from last week.)

DRY GOODS.

BROWN & RODDICK have been with us too long for us to express a welcome now; they are one of us, and they are here to *stay*, a fact we gladly note and would be more than glad to have any other enterprising, wide awake folks come and help us make this historic old town not only a town with a past, but give it a future. Its past is all right; we are making its future history.

As everybody knows, they are in the handsome new store, No. 27, Hay street, which a short time ago they were compelled to enlarge in order to accommodate their greatly increased trade. They carry all the year round all the goods found in a first-class dry goods store, and employ sufficient force to manage their large business. The business here, which is a branch of the Wilmington store, is managed by Mr. James Corbett, assisted by Messrs. O. J. Jackson, James Vann, C. E. Farrar and Master Johnnie Morghan. Messrs. Brown & Roddick from their large experience, seem to know all the wants, the fancies, the whims, the real and imaginary needs of the feminine mind. They have devoted much time to "what shall we wear and when withal shall we be clothed?"

Hosiery and Underwear.—In this department the wants of our ancestors were simple; the tired mother and good grandmother sitting in the chimney corner, knitting all the long winter evenings, supplied the wants of the family; but these they have changed. Fashion demands that the hose shall be in harmony with the general attire, and one's feet are clothed as taste dictates, from the quietest "neat, but not gaudy," to the longest aestheticism. In all shades you can be accommodated at Brown & Roddick's, and their underwear is to be imagined, not described. In a man's eyes it is a moral of tucks, puffs, embroidery and lace. A personal inspection will alone satisfy the feminine mind, and it is evident from the elegance of their goods that a personal inspection will result only in goods to Messrs. Brown & Roddick.

ROSE & LEAK have concentrated their immense business in the Lilly store, No. 50 Hay street, and it is eminently fitting that the successors of Mr. E. J. Lilly should be these gentlemen, his son-in-law and nephew, who, in their enterprise and energy give evidence that they are worthy successors and following in his footsteps, are on the high-way to fortune. The entire business is under the direct supervision of Messrs. Rose & Leak, most ably assisted by their fine corps of clerks, at whose head stands Messrs. W. F. Campbell and W. B. McMillan, each wide awake and experienced, followed by the younger but no less polite and attentive, John A. Steel, John Kennedy and Albert Ellis. Their store is one of the handsomest in the State, and is most admirably arranged, including many conveniences not in other stores. They have three floors filled with goods, and a glance from week to week, at their column in the OBSERVER will show only a few of the hundreds of beautiful things they offer for sale; and we are puzzled what special line most merits attention. They have all sorts, styles, colors and kinds of dress goods, and it would take one of these amiable and competent "Williams" to even name them; not a poor soul that don't know alpaca from mull muslin, that only knows how pretty they look on the lovely girls that abound in Fayetteville.

Their stock of gloves is particularly large, and a lady's glove is always interesting; their story involves a world of sentiment. French women, who are always well dressed, pay most attention to boots and gloves, saying they redeem an otherwise shabby outfit, but there is no redemption for ill-fitting boots and gloves. Everyone knows this house makes a specialty of these most of them being made expressly to their order, and you must be fastidious indeed if they can not supply you, or more likely not fastidious enough, for their goods are *good*.

For several years Messrs. Rose & Leak have been advertising carpets extensively, so we naturally desire to have a peep at them, and gazing on their rich and varied tints and tones, we could but think of the history of carpets, one of the most attractive and fascinating of the industrial arts, and it shows more than any other the inventive talents of man and his ingenuity in overcoming obstacles. The carpet appeals to our love of color, it gives a room the cozy home-like look we all like to see, it deadens the harsh sound of footsteps, and with the help of an easy chair and *somebody* to have ready dressing gown and slippers, it gives a vision of home. The fascinating Mary, Queen of Scots, was not able to have such a carpet as many lady can purchase at Rose & Leak's.

They are also sole agents for the sale of pine straw matting, a North Carolina product, and one of the most popular and healthful of floor coverings. Their upper floors are reached by an elevator, which as soon as the new hotel is completed, will be run by water power.

They have made arrangements to continue their weather reports direct from the chief signal office at Washington, and soon the weather signals will again be displayed from their store. We miss the flags, for we can confide in their predictions. This is a private enterprise for public good.

FRANK THORNTON.—The store occupied by Mr. Frank Thornton is the architectural attraction of Fayetteville and the largest in the State. As a building it has been accurately described in the OBSERVER. And who is there in all this region who has not visited it, so we'll confine ourselves to its contents. Each story is devoted to a separate branch, and each floor is a scene of activity; it is a hive of human industry, and in its organization is quite perfect. Merit is appreciated, and the employees are engaged, not for cheapness, but for their special training and capacity, and thus it is that a service at Thornton's is a recommendation to employment elsewhere. It takes quite an army to run this house and we judge from the number of busy, active salesmen, that there are fully twenty employees, from *big* little Mr. Poe, the handy-boy, to Mr. Jas. McK. Woodward, the bookpeeper. In the wholesale department Mr. A. B. Daingerfield presides, and knows, if anybody does, all about dry goods; and then below, in charge of the first floor, is Mr. I. Jessup, who seems to know both your wants and tastes. Besides these, we will mention Mr. Austin McMillan, Kirkland Huske, John Strange and James Johnson, and last but not least, Leighton Huske, who, in their several departments are polite, attentive, and masters of their business. And then there is Mr. Alex. Harrel, a South Carolinian, and a true type he is of that noble people—obliging and accommodating.

There are wheels within wheels, and as there are scores of different trades, so there are minor subdivisions of these; and in Thornton's can be found dozens of features all deserving notice. It is beautifully arranged, it has an air of neatness and perfect order, a goodly sight to look upon. Here there is a place for everything and everything is in its place, and here you have only to ask, to receive. But in a sketch like this we can only refer to a few.

Silks and Dress Goods.—The buying of a silk dress is not an every day affair and so great care has been taken to make selections that will suit his customers, and the assortment will be found varied enough to suit the tastes and purses of all buyers. Also the newest things in dress goods of every shade, quality and price. Indeed, the shelves present a bewildering variety in shades and tints.

Laces and embroideries belong strictly to the ornamental part of a lady's attire, and they are distinguished evidences of refinement, they are poetic and womanly, and indicate a softer refinement than diamonds. Once they were monopolized by royalty but now for a comparatively small outlay of money a lady can buy greater treasures of lace than Queen Elizabeth ever possessed. The imitation laces place this most graceful and etherial ornament within the reach of all, for not many can buy lace worth a hundred times its weight in gold. Thornton's stock is large and elegant, and the embroideries are of all qualities and prices.

Everybody knows what a large stock of shoes Mr. Isaac Hawley manages in the Thornton building. There is no larger or better stock in the State. Whether you have a dainty feet, so long ago written about as "little mice that run out and in," or like a lady we once knew, who had such large ones her husband would not even go with her to a shoe store, still Thornton can suit the bill; and Mr. Isaac Hawley has had 30 years' experience and knows his business. The great thing in buying shoes it to get a perfect fit, and thus avoid those distressing calamities which arise from misfits. And here you can get it.

The wholesale and mail order department of this house is doing a large business, which constantly increases. Mr. Thornton is just back from the North and readers of the OBSERVER will watch his announcements with great interest.

THE RACKET.—This last brisk new comer does a driving business, and they strike some at one of the curses of our hard times. If we all only bought what we paid for, it no man asked for credit, how much happier, better and *friendlier* we would all be. How many men could strengthen their tired backs, raise their debt-crowned heads and look the world square in the face, new men, if only like Sinbad, they could get their old man of the sea, *debt* off their shoulders. The Racket Store might be called an "omnium gatherum," a store of little things and awful things, formed of atoms, yet together making a world. Yet some of these small things are universally used, and the factories making them are the largest in the world and employ the most beautiful machinery. It is impossible to enumerate or classify the Racket Store; it covers the demands of the adults as well as of the children. Go there, look about, and you will be certain to see numerous things you want, and the prices will astonish you.

MR. WM. JACKSON, at No. 8, Hay street, where he has just moved, has a large and attractive store full of dry goods of all qualities. We notice that his store is not only full of goods, but customers.

(To be continued.)

The Tower of London.

[Philadelphia Call.]

Mr. Lee, in a lecture at Brooklyn the other day on the Tower of London, stated that it is a fact that grass could never be induced to grow upon the spot where the hapless Lady Jane Gray yielded up her innocent life. Another interesting episode was the narrative of the discovery a few years ago of a lower range of dungeons below those which were already known to exist. One of these, a lower oubliete, was found knee deep in water, the passage to it swarming with rats, and in the dungeon the skeleton of a woman, with iron chains still about the bones. Not the slightest clew to her identity could be found, and even the very existence of the dungeon had been forgotten.

Pedigee sometimes tells in men as well as in quadrupeds.

LETTER FROM ROCKFISH.

A Village with a Bright Present and a Cheering Prospect of Future Advancement.

[Correspondence of the Fayetteville Observer.]

MR. EDITOR:—Rockfish, "our section," I am glad to say, surely has been blessed. On Sunday, 6th inst., I attended Rockfish Presbyterian Church, and listened to a very interesting and able sermon from Rev. W. S. Black, who preaches there once each month. At the village there is preaching by some one of the denominations regularly every Sunday, and a most flourishing Sunday school of many members, which receives much pecuniary help from Mr. Houston, of Philadelphia, the owner of the factory; also, help and encouragement from Mr. S. H. Cotton and his assistant officers.

The factory has been much improved and brought up to a paying institution, and is to be made much larger under the able management of Mr. Cotton, who is now paying out the handsome sum of $2,000 each month to the employees, a large part of which is handled many times by the people of this section for their produce, labor, &c., doing much good.

Right here I will add that last week I took a trip to Wilmington, which was made quite pleasant by kind acts of that most intelligent and clever gentlemen, Capt. J. C. Smith and his subordinates, and while on this trip I learned from a source which I most assuredly consider authentic that it is quite probable that the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Company may in the nigh future construct a road from their railroad bridge over Big Rockfish, one mile south of the village, to Smithville in Brunswick county, where ocean steamers can unload, load or get coal. This will open out another market and outlet for our produce within a few hours ride of our section, and with such favorable surroundings as we have will soon induce capital to come and build at least one paper mill and four more factories, there being that many fine sites near the road here. Besides, the road managers contemplate extending, so as to connect with roads in the transmontane country, thereby not only connecting the mountains and the sea by rail, but opening a line from the North and Northwest past or through our section. I have also heard the Short Cut has decided to cross the C. F. & Y. V. at the village. So you can see that we should rejoice and be glad for a pleasant present and for the prospect of such a bright future.

Allow me to say that outside of politics I desire prosperity to attend the OBSERVER and its editor. W. C.

March 14, 1887.

[We wish the writer prosperity, politics or no politics, and think if they were changed he would get a great burden off his mind, and be a better man.]

Fuel—Wood, Coal, Gas.

[N. N. Shepard, in American Rural Home.]

We were reading the article, in a late issue, on getting wood for fuel in olden times—and the same in many sections at present. We were carried back to boyhood days, for we had some experience in cutting and drawing wood for the fireplace and stove. But we finally wandered away to the "oil and gas region," and we suppose most of your readers have heard something about our burning gas from the wells in this country, and they may have a kind of curiosity to know more about it.

Well, the people here in nearly all the cities and villages do use natural gas for fuel, and many in the country, too. Just think of it, my friends, in our town of 800 inhabitants, and in Meadville, Pa., ten miles north of us, of 10,000 population, all the cooking stoves, furnaces, heaters and engines are run by natural gas brought from the gas well, 30 to 50 miles south of here, in eight to twelve-inch iron pipes, underground; put there to be out of the way of farmers, rather than to prevent freezing, for frost does not seem to hinder the flow of gas. The cost of laying these main pipes by the companies has been very great; then, too, they have paid to farmers on the route a fair estimate of all damage to their land. We have two companies supplying the places mentioned, and thus we have a competition which all consumers have learned to appreciate; fifty cents a stove, the year round, per month, is *surely low enough*, and we were not asked to pay for pipe and fixtures, or bringing it in the house; *all thrown in*. As we said, the main or large pipe brings it to the town or city, then "a hundred and one" smaller ones carry it through every street and into every house.

Well, you ask, is it any good when you get it? Certainly; it makes the hottest and best fire for cooking, or anything else, you ever saw. Women think it saves from one-third to one-half the labor of housekeeping. By simply turning a screw which regulates the gas supply, you can have just as much heat, or as little, as you choose. A moment's time is sufficient in the morning to make as hot a fire as you may choose, and at any time it can be as quickly turned off—entirely, if you wish.

Then we have jets of various kinds, in stores, churches, school-houses, and here, in Cochranton, our streets by night are lighted by natural gas lamps. These jets and lamps are only about ten cents per month, each. Talk to people about getting wood a year ahead! Most of them would not burn wood if you would give it to them and draw it to their doors. Surely the world is moving, and there is no telling how much gas there is in it.

STONEWALL JACKSON'S WAR HORSE.

The Skin of the Historic Animal Stuffed and on Exhibition.

[Washington Post.]

Standing in the studio of Frederick S. Webster, the taxidermist, is "Old Sorrel," the war house of Stonewall Jackson. The stuffed figure of the famous animal is placed in an attitude of attention, with head and ears erect.

"Old Sorrel" had a most eventful history. His birth was obscure, but at early age he was selected, with a number of other horses, after the battle of Manassas, for the service of the United States and was en-route to Washington when the train was captured near Harper's Ferry by a party of Confederates commanded by Stonewall Jackson. From among the lot of horses Gen. Jackson singled out "Old Sorrel" for his own and paid to the quartermaster $150 for the privilege of owning him.

With the natural intelligence which always characterized him, "Old Sorrel" immediately renounced all idea of Federal allegiance and for the rest of the war faithfully served his master and the Confederacy. With the exception of the campaign in Maryland, Gen. Jackson rode his horse in every battle and on every march from the time he obtained him until he reached Charlottesville, and there received the fatal bullet, still seated on "Old Sorrel's" back. On that evently night when the hero of the Southern Confederacy fell wounded to death, the horse was lost, and for a day or two was thought to have been captured by the Federal forces until he was picked up by Gen. J. E. B. Stuart. "Old Sorrel" was then sent to Mrs. Jackson who took him with her to North Carolina, and subsequently to Richmond, where he received better attention then any living horse. During the New Orleans Exhibition he was placed on exhibition there, and on his return was presented to Mrs. R. E. Lee Camp, of Confederate Veterans and placed at the Confederate Soldiers Home, where he died, at the advanced age of thirty-six years, on the 17th of March, 1886. The work of having the horse mounted is paid for by the authorities of the city of Richmond, which will present him to the trustees of the Confederate Soldiers' Home.

Another Review of the Industrial Progress of the South.

In its annual review of the industrial progress of the South, the Baltimore *Manufacturers' Record*, in this weeks' issue, says that 1886 has been the most remarkable year in many respects in the history of the Southern States, and more has been accomplished for the prosperity and progress of the whole South than ever before in any year. This is shown in the enormous investments of capital in industrial enterprises and in the growth of confidence among Northern and European investors in the stability of the South's iron and other manufacturing interests.

The amount of capital including capital stock of incorporated companies represented by the new manufacturing and mining enterprises organized and chartered in the South during 1886, including enlargement of old plants and rebuilding of mills, aggregates $129,226,000, against $66,812,000 in 1885.

The iron interests have attracted the greater share of attention, and some gigantic enterprises have been organized, and are now building furnaces. The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, with a capital of $10,000,000, have 5 furnaces in operation, and are building 5 more, besides coke ovens and opening new coal mines.

The Sloss Iron and Steel Company, with an investment of $500,000, has two furnaces now, and has given contracts for two more, and will also build a steel plant. The Birmingham Furnace and Manufacturing Company, with a capital of $1,500,000, has just been organized by Pennsylvania capitalists to build two furnaces.

Five furnaces are to built at Sheffield, three at Florence, two at Bessemer, and several at other places.

The aggregate of new furnaces reported for the year were twenty-eight, most of them from 100 to 150 tons daily capacity. One Bessemer steel rail mill is nearly finished, one Bessemer plant has been completed, one is under way, bids have been invited for the construction of another, and several other steel plants have been decided upon.

Other interests, as well as iron, however, are being rapidly developed and included in the list of new enterprises organized in the South during 1886 were 56 iron furnaces, 50 ice factories, 68 foundaries and machine shops, many of them large size; Bessemer steel rail mill, 20 miscellaneous iron works, including iron pipe works, bridge and bold works and 8 stove factories, 20 gas works, 34 electric light companies, 11 agricultural implement factories, 174 mining and quarrying enterprises, 16 carriage and wagon factories, 9 cotton mills, 25 furniture factories, 42 waterworks, 58 tobacco factories, 92 flour mills, 448 lumber mills (not counting small portable saw mills), including saw and planing mills, sash and door factories, stove, handle, shingle, hub and spoke, shuttle, block factories, etc.

This wide diversity of new industries that are developing throughout the entire South establishes the fact of her future greatness.

The greatest activity has been displayed in iron and steel industries, which the God of nature has planted so lavishly throughout our land, which will eventually revolutionize the sentiments and condition of the country.

The following statistics of the *Tradesman* exhibits a most remarkable progress and development in this branch of commercial industry, and the capacity of each State, as compared with 1880:

	1886. *Tons.*	1880. *Tons.*
Alabama	386,000	130,000
Georgia	68,000	41,000
Kentucky	69,000	112,000
Maryland	94,000	106,000
Missouri	170,000	258,000
North Carolina	7,200	None
Tennessee	350,000	131,000
Texas	15,000	3,000
Virginia	278,000	129,000
West Virginia	146,000	108,000
Total	1,583,200	1,018,000

A gain in six years of 565,200 tons.

The Strongest Man on Earth.

[Virginia Footlight.]

There is a man on the Darson River, below Dayton, named Angela Cordella, who claims to be the strongest man in the world. He is an Italian, aged twenty-eight, and stands five feet ten inches, weighing 198 pounds. His strength was born with him, for he had no athletic training. He differs from other men chiefly in the osseous structure. Although not of unusual size, his spinal column is much beyond the ordinary width, and his bones and joints are made on a similarly large and generous scale. He has lifted a man of 200 pounds with the middle finger of his right hand. The man stood with one foot on the floor, his arms outstretched, his hands grasped by two persons to balance his body. Cordella then stooped and placed the third finger of his right hand under the man's foot, and with scarcely any perceptible effort raised him to the height of four feet and deposited him on the table near at hand. Once two powerful men waylaid Cordella with intent to thrash him, but he seized one in each hand and hammered them together until life was nearly knocked out of them.

ROSES.

Origin of the Name, Emblems, etc.

The Rose stands pre-eminently at the head of all the productions of the floral world, and is fittingly called "Queen of Flowers." It is the most widely known of all the bright gems that array the abode of civilized man, finding as it does, a home in the remotest corners of the earth, and cherished from the humblest cottage to the precincts of the palace. The name of the Rose is derived from a Latin word signifying *red*, the prevailing color. There are many varieties of the Rose. Some French and English catalogues publish lists of from three to five hundred different sorts, and new varieties are raised every year in all countries where their culture is practiced. In ancient Rome and Greece the Rose was employed for medicinal purposes, also as an article of beauty at the banqueting table, and was strewn over the floors of the rooms in which the feast was held. It is related that Nero spent $5,000 in the purchase of Roses for one supper, on which occasion the floor of the apartment was covered to the depth of one foot and a half. It is also related that mattresses were made of Roses for men of rank to recline upon, and that Gallienus, the Roman emperor, had such a bed. Here, perhaps, we have the origin of the old saying that a person born to a life of luxury has fallen into a "bed of Roses." The Rose was in Grecian lore the Flower of Venus, which Cupid consecrated to Harpocrates, the God of Silence. Therefore, the Rose is the emblem of secrecy, and hence the old saying, "under the Rose," implying, keep secret. In rooms for convivial meetings it was once customary to place a Rose above the table, signifying that everything spoken there ought not to be divulged. In the East the petals of the Rose are converted into beads by being pounded in an iron mortar, which gives the paste a black color. It is then moulded or rolled into spherical form, and polished. After being perfumed, they are perforated with a red-hot wire. The rosary of beads used by Roman Catholics in their devotion was formerly made in this manner. The oldest Rose bush in the world is believed to be that which is trained on the Cathedral of Hildershein in in Germany. The roots are buried in the crypt below the choir. The stem is a foot thick, and half a dozen branches cover the eastern side of the building, and bear countless flowers in Summer. Its age is unknown, but documents exist that show that nearly a thousand years ago a bishop had it protected by a stone roof that still remains. Many are the poetical and legendary allusions of the Rose in every country in which it is known. In the East the flowers has always been the favorite of the poets, and numerous are the notices of it to be found in their works. In our own literature the Rose has been the poet's frequent theme, Byron, in his "Bride of Abydos," tells of a miraculous ever-blooming Rose that sprang from the virgin grove of Zuleika:

One spot exists, which, ever blooms,
Even in that deadly grove—
A single Rose is shedding there
Its lonely lustre; meek and pale
It looks, as planted by Distaste,
So white, so faint—the slightest gale
Might whirl the leaves on high;
And yet though storms and blight assail,
And hands more rude than wintry sky
May wring it from the stem—in vain,
Tomorrow sees it bloom again.

Various and beautiful are the legends that account for the many colors of the Rose. There is a tradition that on the ejectment of Eve from Paradise the Roses, which were previously all white, blushed red at the shame of our first mother's fall. The origin of the blush imparted to the Rose is in a different manner most beautifully described by the poet Cary:

When erst in Eden's blissful bowers,
Young Eve surveyed her countless flowers,
An opening Rose of purest white
She marked with eye that beamed delight,
It leaves she kissed, and straight it drew
From beauty's lips the vermeil's hue.

Herrick, in his "Hesperides," gives us still another version of how Roses became red;

Roses at first were white,
Till they could not agree,
Whether my Sappho's breast,
Or they more white should be.
But being vanished quite,
A blush their cheeks bespread,
Since which, believe the rest,
The Roses first came red.

The Rose also the emblem of voluptuous love.

Toboggan.

[Detroit Free Press.]

At 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon a chamber window in a house on Elizabeth street east was raised and a snow shovel was pushed out. Hard after the shovel was a female head, and after the head came the body of a woman about forty years old. She had seen the warnings about cleaning off the roofs, and as soon as she was fairly out of the window she began work. It was a "lean to," with a pitch of about 45 degrees, and she had not been at work two minutes when a boy came along the alley and called out:

"Got the toboggan craze?"

"You go on!" she answered.

"Perhaps you are going to practice a little before taking in the regular slide," he continued, as he backed against the fence. "That's a pretty fair slide, but where's your tobog?"

"Boy!" she said, as she leaned on the shovel and looked down at him, "you go away, or I'll call a policeman!"

"But what can the policeman do? Am I sassing you or doing anything to you?"

She lifted up another shovelful, but the exertion caused her to slip, and she got rattled and called to the boy, saying:

"Say! say! I can't get back to the window!"

"You don't want to!" he replied, "if you're ever going to tobog now's your chance. Just kerplunk yourself down and let 'er slide."

She uttered a wild yell, let go of the shovel, and the next instant a body of white, which was probably snow, and a body of darker color, which must have been the woman, went down the long roof all mixed up. The boy ran to a box inside the fence and drew himself up just as the darker object kicked itself out of a big snow bank and a heap of kindling wood, and as it gasped and choked and made a break for the back door, he called out:

"I'd give it up if I were you! You've got too old to catch on to these new fangles!"

A Shower of Quails.

[Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise.]

Sportsmen in this part of Nevada are lamenting the great slaughter of quails made by "pot hunters" on the Carson and in other places where the birds sought shelter during the late big storm. Such slaughter is to be deplored, but it may be that we shall have a new stock of quail sent us. A few years ago we had in this city a most remarkable shower of quail. It occurred about 4 o'clock in the evening in the Fall of the year. Where the quail came from no one could imagine, as they were of the large mountain variety, and perfect beauties. The fall of birds extended from about Sutton-avenue out north of the Union shaft, reaching over about three quarters of a mile of ground. When they fell they seemed to be completely exhausted. People caught them by putting their hats over them or by simply picking them up. Everybody had quail. About a hundred were caught alive and kept in cages and pens in various parts of the town. A curious thing was that these seemed perfectly tame at once. There were at the time many conflicting opinions about this great flight of quails. The most probable solution of the phenomenon was that the birds had collected at some points in the Sierras for the purpose of migrating to the southward, but had either mistaken their course or had been blown out of it, and so flew on and on till they were obliged to come to the ground through exhaustion. Night coming on soon after the birds fell, hundreds roosted about the town, and next day boys were catching and killing up to 11 or 12 o'clock. By that time nearly all the bewildered wanderers had scattered away into the hills. There they doubtless remained to breed and stock the country, as it is not known that they ever got together again to try a second flight.

A Woman's Way.

[Detroit Free Press.]

An agent with three or four rugs in a strap had called at a house on National avenue and rung the bell without arousing anybody when a woman called to him from across the street:

"No use ringing there."

"Lady gone?"

"They are too poor to buy rugs."

He was about to pass on when a chamber windor was raised, and a woman stuck her head out and said:

"I'll show 'em whether we are or not! I think a carpenter's wife is just as good as a drayman's wife, and has just as much money. Which is your best rug?"

"This one, ma'am—for $8."

"Hang it on the fence, where everybody can see it. Now take this $20 bill and call at all the houses around here and ask for change. You won't get it, but I have the right amount to hand you when you come back. If you happen to say to 'em as you go around that this is the first $8 rug you've sold within a mile of here I will give you a piece of pie and a glass of milk."

DRESSES AT A DANCE.

What Sad Havoc is Made in the Whirl of Gowns and Finery.

[Denver Republican.]

When the maid comes to button on the new, tight little satin slippers, they do hurt, as her big brother Tom would say, "so all fired much," and she has such a hard time keeping back the tears when the cruel hook straightens out the button and button hole over the sorest kind of a corn, and when her new stays hurt her so when she stoops, and her gloves pinch when they are buttoned, and she can't get the powder to stick well on her nose, and altogether by the time she gets ready to go into the ball room she is almost a total wreck, speaking from an interior standpoint, although her exterior is usually serene. Between the dances the young ladies are always running into the dressing room and giving violent little tugs at silk hoisery and other articles pertaining to their toilets. Stitches are always ripping, laces and silks are always tearing, and trains, particularly long ones, are the cause of more red eyes and angry exclamations than perhaps any other cause in the known world. You will often see a young lady running in with a handful of torn lace, and chatting with some young fellow who walks down with her. But she don't smile and chat much when she gets into the dressing room. Not she. She goes at that torn flounce with vengence in her eye, and sometimes the maid mends the flounce, and sometimes the owner tears it much worse than it was torn originally in her impatience.

Then comes the married ladies, some of them middle aged. They are quite as particular about their appearance as the girls are, and they talk more.

Occasionally you will see some dear girl bound back into the dressing room, exclaiming:

"Oh! I must have just one more look," and then she squeezes her way up to the glass again, and the hurry skurry, hamper scamper, helter skelter, r-i-p-r-i-p, rip goes on until the day breaks, and the soiled gowns and torn laces are taken home to "mother" and the mangle, where they elicit many another exclamation before they are are restored to their pristine beauty.

An Explanation.

[Texas Siftings.]

Customer—I must say I don't like this milk.

Milkman—Why, what is the matter with it?

"Just look at it. Don't you see that it is blue?"

"Well, yes; it is a little darker than usual."

"What is the cause of it?"

"I think I can explain it."

"I'd be glad to hear it."

"You see, we weaned the calf a few days ago, and probly the old cow feels a little blue about. That's the only way I can account for it."

The Racket Store!

WITH ITS

LIVE CASH VALUES,

Is Marching STEADILY TO THE FRONT!

Upon our bargains will be found figures that will tell you more plainly than we ever can that the principle we adhere to is that of right and justice.

The almighty dollar is cutting its way through the very centre of *time*. Day by day the cries of distress are heard from North, South, East and West, of houses tottering, crumbling, gone—sunk beneath the crushing weight of King Credit's exhorbitant demands, and with them go others, and when the wrecks are cleared, the damage reckoned, it is found that all has been swept away. Even the 10 per cent. which invariably goes on and which it was thought would bridge the difficulty, sinks into insignificance. Who can tell the waste attached to such a system as that of credit? Those who deal with it should never lose sight of one fact: that they must pay for those who never pay. Can you afford to do it in times such as these, when crops are poor and money scarce? King Credit will bind your energies in chains of iron; forsake him while yet you may.

Do you think you can afford to pay 20 cents for what should cost you 10? You have been supporting a system whose motto is, "Take 10 cents if you can't get more, but if you can get more, take it." Do you think that such a principle as that can ever result in good to any one?

THE CREDIT SYSTEM IS A CURSE,

and we are here to fight it down. Will you lend your aid in such a work? We cannot succeed without it. Your support, which we so earnestly solicit and appreciate, is the trusty blade with which we propose to conquer.

Who, we ask you, is entitled to the credit, if to-day you can buy from your merchants that which ten days since would have cost you from 10 to 25 per cent. more, and even then when you have been led to believe for weeks and months past that you were buying "at cost?" Is it not the fact of the Racket Store's presence here that secures you this enjoyment—a position which you surely would not occupy but for this fact? Should you support those who accord you your dues from a sense of justice, or should you support those who do so at the bayonet's point? We leave these facts in your hands. Think upon them. Our stock is being replenished every few days, and we invite an early and repeated call. We will receive this week a large lot of

Shoes, Hats, Piece Goods, &c.

Don't fail to see them, as the advantages that will be afforded you cannot be equalled. Very Respectfully submitted

TO THE CASH TRADE ONLY.

MORRIS, CARNEY & CO.,

New York office 466 Broadway. Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

feb 24 tf

OBSERVER.

G. H. HAIGH, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....MARCH 24, 1887.

TO OUR YOUNG MEN.

It is conceded by all that the present prosperity of the South is mainly due to the establishment of manufactures. They utilize her products, bring in capital, increase her population, create thereby a more abundant and thrify trade, and cause the farmer to change his mode, to diversify his crops, so that the home market may be supplied with necessaries. In fact, a general impetus is given for the better condition of its people. These things we know, and that we may at least try to do something to promote the general welfare of our town, we have urged that the many fine water sites for mills or other things be made known, that others who have capital may learn of our advantages. To this end we have repeatedly urged the formation of a "Business Men's Association," that plans may be formulated and steps taken to urge others to come and do what we are unable to do, or at least think we cannot. But now there is a huge project on foot, to build throughout the South a number of oil mills of large capacity. Fayetteville is not in the list, but we think if all the advantages were shown to this "Southern Oil Company," that our chances might be as good as any other place. Fayetteville is an old place, but it is fast putting on new garments. The rising generation are men who see that there is a tide, &c., and are willing and anxious to take it at the flood. Let these men, who are full of energy, make a *strike* and show what are the advantages we possess—that we are in a cotton country; that seed from fully 50,000 bales of cotton can be obtained, within a radius of 50 miles, from both North and South Carolina; that labor is cheap, locations plenty at a mere nominal cost; that shipping is easy and expeditious, either by rail or river, to all parts of the country, &c., &c., and we will at least advertise the place, if we are not successful in accomplishing our end. There is at least an opportunity here of accomplishing something, and we urge our go-ahead men to make the trial. But do not stop here. Keep on while the spirit of progress is upon you, for we are sure that there are no people more energetic, more desirous to see the tide flow this way than the young men of our town. Fayetteville's future is dependent upon you.

COL. W. J. GREEN.—We learn that Col. Green arrived at Tokay, his beautiful home one day last week, and that he has been too unwell to visit Fayetteville. Col. Green, as representative of the third district, retires with praise from every Democrat. He has been a faithful servant of the people, and has endeavored to minister to all their public wants. His, is an honorable retiracy; no district or State could boast of one more cultivated, more refined, or one whose main object was to serve the people who honored him with their suffrages. We welcome him home, for as a private citizen he is esteemed. His presence and bounteous hospitality at Tokay will add to Fayetteville's attractiveness. The Washington correspondent of the *Goldsboro Messenger* says;

One of the most faithful Representatives the State has had here has been Col. Wharton J. Green, whose term of service expired last Friday. He has been attentive to his official duties on the floor and in the departments. He has always been approachable and always accommodating so far as I am aware, to his constituents and citizens of North Carolina at the capitol. Punctual in duty, courteous in manner, a sound Democrat, a cultured gentleman, a public-spirited and able man. I am sure the State will remember his services and reward him adequately. Col. Green was still in the city this morning.

RALEIGH CORRESPONDENCE.

Notes of Political and General Interest.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 22, 1887.—There is beginning to be, in a rather quiet and unobtrusive way, some talk about who will be the Democratic candidate for Governor next year. Col. Holt, Lt. Gov. Charles M. Stedman, Judge Gilmer, Julian S. Carr and S. B. Alexander are mentioned. A prominent gentleman said to your correspondent yesterday: "A ticket that I hear named, and that certainly will win, is Jarvis and Armfield." Another gentleman said that a possible ticket was Stedman and Kope Elias.

NATIONAL POLITICS.

The question of the Presidency is about as prominent as that of the Chief Magistracy of the Commonwealth. Cleveland is spoken of in this connection, of course. He does not get a "boom," though. The anti-Jacksonian ideas which he has, and the appointment of Matthews and Trotter are some of the things which make him the focus of a deal of criticism. Of course some people boom him, but that doesn't count. Some people are trying to get up a boom for Hill, of New York, and it is intimated that New York Democrats will present his name at the next national Convention, but to the people of North Carolina Hill is, of course, rather an unknown quantity. Yet he has some supporters and some members of the Lelgislature, in giving their preferences, chose him. Thurman appears to be quite popular and it was remarked here to-day that he would be a winning card. These views are in all respects those of other people and not those of your correspondent, who merely reflects them.

THE SUPREME COURT.

There appears to be every probability that the people of the State will vote for the increase of the Supreme Court bench to five members. It is a very excellent measure. The present constitution is certainly faulty in regard to its reducing the court to three. The result has been the wearing out of several good men, able men. Three men tried to do work cut out for five at the least, and the result was what may always be calculated upon—a break down. An eminent judge said a few days ago that the adoption of the amendment to the constitution of 1875, reducing the court, was a piece of the cheapest and worst political clap-trap. The judges see that the increase now is an absolute necessity, the politicians see it and the people know it. Three judges will be elected, if the amendment is ratified—two to fill the new places and one to succeed Judge Davis, whose appointment, of course, is only until the next regular election.

THE INDEPENDENTS.

A goodly number of people have, ever since the adjournment of the Legislature, been asking the question: "What will become of the Independents?" The first thing to do was to ascertain just where "the uncertain element," (as the plain-spoken members of the Legislature termed the Independents), stood. They certainly made very little capital during the session. Your correspondent called on a leading Republican, one, in fact, who aspires to lead the thought of the party, and asked him in what light he regarded the Independents and their future. "It is only necessary for me to name two of them," said he; "Webster and Pearson. The former's position is more uncertain. He must, however, come and fall in line with us or else play out entirely. Pearson I regard as with us now—certainly on most points." Some Democratic papers make many allowances for the course of both Webster and Pearson, saying that both were taking a position which had been forced upon them by events anterior to their election. Certainly both Webster and Pearson are independent in a personal as well as a political sense.

THE "HARD TIMES."

Has there ever been a time when there was not a cry of hard times? One member of the Legislature (Mr. Leazar) declared that the State was in a condition very much worse than in 1865. Col. Holt took ground against this issue. In the face of railway development, the remarkable reduction of taxation and a decrease of mortgages, it is certain that this year, 1887, is a year of grace for North Carolina. We people are really taking a start. Gov. Scales, who always says sensible things, declares that there is a general tendency towards better times throughout the entire State. Out of hopefulness is born success. The people of the State have no reason to be disheartened. There are more enterprises on foot than ever before, and no person can point out a place or a section in North Carolina which is retrograding.

A WANT OF CARE.

The lamentable lack of care in the matter of protection against fire is one which is really a reproach to the State, or rather to a majority of its towns. In the last few years, (one might say the last two) several towns have provided themselves with apparatus. Take places like Oxford and Laurinburg, where fires occurred last week: It is difficult to understand the apathy which permits or endures such a state of affairs. The losses by fires in the State in the past three years are fully $1,500,000, it is calculated, with only about $550,000 insurance. Negligence is dearly paid for.

NEWS ABOUT THE CROPS.

The acreage in cotton in the State, it is said, will be fully as great as last season; perhaps even greater. The crop in some sections was poor; in others it was much above the crops of the three years preceding. Raleigh was in one of the fortunate sections. The increase in the receipts at most of the markets in the State is rather marked. This is particularly the case at Wilmington, where the increase in a total of 131,817 bales is no less than 37,237. At Raleigh the receipts have increased nearly 7,000 bales as compared with last year. The gain looks well in some sections, but the reports of the oats along the southern tier of counties are not encouraging. There will be larger crops of grasses and clover than ever before. That is certain.

THE LAST BATTLE OF THE WAR

The last engagement of the war which was really a battle was at Bentonville, in Johnston County. The Confederate forces were commanded by Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, who made a desperate stand there against "Sherman's miles of men." Some good blood was spilled there that day, from Southern veins. There has been no monument erected on the battlefield, and remarkably little notice has been given the dead. The people of Johnston County have at last decided to erect a monument at Smithfield to the memory of the gallant dead. It is proposed to have Gen. Johnston deliver the address.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

The row raised by this order over the appointment and confirmation of Wesley N. Jones as labor commissiner has apparently subsided. The State Master Workman of the order, Mr. John Nichols, said that when the office was created it was understood thet a K. of L. would be appointed. The man in mind and the one endorsed for the position was J. Melvin Broughton. But the appointment was made otherwise. Now Mr. Broughton is the clerk, it is said that all matters are amicably adjusted. The knights are now stirred up over the arrest of C. F. King, the editor of the labor paper, the *Craftsman*, at Charlotte. In his paper he reprinted a charge by a Richmond, Va., labor paper, that the factory employes, women and children, in the cotton factory at Durham, were outrageously treated. The charge was disproved and if it had any foundation your correspondent has not been able to discover it. The result of the trial will be interesting.

NEWS NOTES.

Next Monday at Hillsboro, the trial of Pat. Brewer, who was lately captured at Fayetteville, will be tried. He and two other negroes will be tried for the murder of young Freeze at the University last summer.

With the advent of early spring there is quite a rush of prospectors to the State. They are going in all directions. They come to Raleigh first, and from here branch out of the spokes of a wheel.

A hotel with 150 to 200 rooms is to be built at Southren Pines.

There will be at least twelve companies from this state at the "National Drill" at Washington. Raleigh, Tarboro, Reidsville, Goldsboro, Fayetteville, Maxton, Clinton, Charlotte, Monroe, Elizabeth City and Winston will be represented. The band of the 2nd Regiment will go. Gov. Scales will spend some days at Washington during the drill. F. A. O.

STATE NEWS.

Clinton is to have a railroad jubilee.

Asheville has had another jail delivery. Five prisoners escaped.

W. O. Patton, of North Carolina, has been appointed Consul at Bahia.

The population of Asheville, N. C., is about 7,000, or double what it was in 1880.

Clinton *Caucasian:* Real estate in Clinton is already rising by reason of the railroad.

The C. F. & Y. V. Railway has entered Stokes—the first locomotive ever in that county.

The Wilmington *Review* says that the Salvation Army has done much good in that city.

Gov. Jarvis leaves for Brazil April 1st. He will be back (we guess) in time to run against Ransom.

Clinton *Caucasian:* When the railroad is completed to Clinton, 51 of our county seats will have railroad communication with the outside world.

Any county is now entitled to its convicts to work the public roads which will build stockades and provide for guarding and supporting them.

Johnston county has been given an additional court term of two weeks and Harnett county an additional term of one week. Both come in November.

We regret to learn that Mr. Luther Clegg, of Chatham was seriously hurt by being thrown from his horse while at Durham. Mr Clegg is nearly 80 years old.

The editor of the Winston *Sentinel* has been tendered the position of Managing Editor of a new morning daily, to be set on foot in Anniston, Alabama, by a $30,000 stock company.

J. M. Broughton, of Raleigh, has been appointed clerk to the commissioner of labor statistics. He is a member of the Knights of Labor, and was a candidate for the position of commissioner.

Professor Schmidt, elected to fill the chair of modern languages, until Prof. Toy shall have recovered, is a graduate of Heidelberg University and holds a Fellowship in Johns Hopkins University.

Goldsboro *Messenger:* A mortgage for $325,000 from the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad Company to the Baltimore Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, was recorded in the register's office on Tuesday.

Charlotte *Chronicle:* At last there is a woolen manufactory in North Carolina that turns out goods equal if not superior to any that can be made in the North, or anywhere else. Patterson's factory, in Caldwell county.

The *Weekly Bud*, of Smithfield, is to be sold under a mortgage. The proprietors state that if their subscribers would pay up, the mortgage would be raised in ten minutes and then they would have a surplus in the treasury.

The misdemeanor of carrying concealed weapons is now within the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace. The punishment prescribed is not less than thirty days imprisonment, or fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars.

Durham is to have a street railway, her water works are progressing, she has the electric light, and is not to be outdone. The truth is, her people are progressive, and march shoulder to shoulder in every enterprise. There is unity there.

The Wilmington *Review* of the 16th inst. says: At about 4 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in Leggett's Hotel at Laurinburg, which, together with all its contents, was destroyed. The loss is estimated at about $10,000, on which there is insurance for $5,000.

Wilmington *Review:* The Carolina Central Railroad Company have entered suit against the county of Rutherford to compel the delivery of the balance of the bonds originally subscribed by the county to the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford R. R., and interest on the same.

Hickory *Press:* We understand that a disease has made its appearance in the eastern portion of Burke and within a few miles of Hickory, which resembless small pox. Several have died of it, and old army men who have seen small pox can see but little difference in the appearance of patients having either disease.

Greensboro *News:* On Monday evening, while the train on the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad was going through a cut near Liberty, the whistle was blown, which frightened a horse standing in a field hitched to a plow. The horse ran towards instead of away from the cars, jumped over an embankment against the cars and was run over and crushed to death.

The Raleigh Advocate says that Mr. R. T. Pullen, of that city has given nearly $3,000 to the new Methodist Church here, has given the city a fine park and the State a site for the new Agricultural and Mechanical College, and now is preparing to build a nice large building of some kind on Fayetteville street—no one knows what it is to be. Such a man is a great blessing to any community.

Durham *Recorder*: The negro Albert Tabon has been carried to Raleigh for safe keeping, and the general supposition is that the fire in Oxford was occasioned by his arrest. The attitude of the negroes confirms this suspicion. During the raging of the flames they would not lend a helping hand. The *Orphan's Friend* says: The remark of some young man that the negro should be lynched is supposed to have been the cause of the destructive conflagration of Monday night. It was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary, and the negroes, as a body, were jubilant over the terrible destruction of property.

The State Covention of the Y. M. C. A's.

This body meets in Raleigh April 1—3 inclusive. The Association sends a cordial welcome to all who will come. Mr. T. A. Harding, of Washington city, will represent the International Committee. Mr. E. T. Dadnum, General Secretary of Norfolk and Portsmouth Association, will be with us, and these will fill important places on the programme. Our State Secretary, Mr. H. O. Williams, will represent the State work. Associations should elect delegates at once and report number and names to C. W. Carter, Corresponding Secretary, Raleigh, N. C., or to E. L. Harris, President. Communities where no association exists should send representatives. Reduced railroad fare to and from convention from all parts of the State will be published by the State Executive Committee.

GENERAL NEWS.

Ex-Gov. Moses is dying in prison at Boston.

Snow is yet lying five and six feet deep in some of the Maine woods.

Eight thousand miles of new railroad were built in the United States during 1886.

John H. Reagan, of Texas, will be the only farmer in the Senate of the United States after the 4th of March.

The President has given his check for $100 to the fund for the erection of a monument to the late Vice-President Hendricks.

A fire at Rock Hill, S. C., on the 18th inst., destroyed the postoffice, hotel, national and savings banks and several stores. Loss 140,000, insurance 100,000.

President Cleveland has appointed C. H. S. Taylor, colored, of Kansas, to be Minister to Liberia. He is described as "a fat, coal-black negro, with some education and ability."

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 18.—A dispatch from Summerville says an earth quake shock was felt there at 6 o'clock this evening, and was the worst that has occured in two months.

The richest colored woman in America is Mrs. Amanda Eubanks, of Rome, Ga., who pays taxes on $400,000 worth of property, said to have been inherited by will from her white father.

Col. W. P. Canaday, Sergeant-at-Arms of the United States Senate, sustained severe injury to one of his legs by his horse falling with him while riding on Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C.

An Awful Fire at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 18.—The Richmond Hotel and St. James' Hall were burned early this morning. The loss is fully half a million dollars.

The house contained a large number of guests and their heart-rending shrieks could plainly be heard. Ladders were raised and as many as possible were saved.

The whole place burned like a tinder-box. The corridor in the centre of the building acted as a great funnel, and as the flames streamed upwards the guests found themselves imprisoned by a wall of fire. The screams of the guests could be heard for blocks. At many of the windows could be seen frightened guests in their night clothes, calling wildly for help. At third floor windows two guests were seen by the crowd to fall back into the flames. One man jumped from the fifth-floor to the roof of a two-story wooden building adjoining. He was seriously injured. The number of persons injured is not exactly known.

It is believed that at least twelve persons were burned to death. Many were badly burned and injured.

There were 125 persons in the hotel, seventy of whom were transient guests, eight boarders and the remainder porters, bell-boys, families of proprietors and clerks. Twenty-two of these were rescued from the windows by the firemen and a large number made their escape by other means. The origin of the fire is not as yet known.

Five girls in the fifth story window had tied the bedclothing into a rope which they hung out but none of them seemed to have the courage to start. At last one of the five took hold and swung down to a window ledge from which she was assisted by Messrs Clay and Smith. Three others came down in the same manner and then the fifth girl started down. She had almost completed the distance when the rope parted and down see went the four stories to the ground, but strange to say was not killed. Her legs were terribly cut and bruised, her back badly injured and her face and arms were in a frightful condition from burns. She lay mourning upon a lounge at the opera house begging to be sent home.

The Mexican Veterans Must Wait.

[Washington Correspondence New York Herald.]

The beneficiaries of the Mexican pension law will be interested in knowing that it will be a year, and probably two years, before their names are transferred to the pension roll of the government. Immediately after the passage of the bill Commissioner Black asked Congress for an appropriation sufficient to employ several hundred clerks for a period of five months to examine and report upon these claims. This force is intended to work exclusively upon Mexican pension claims, and will form a separate division in the Pension Bureau. The money was to have been appropriated in the deficiency bill, which, it will be remembered, failed to receive the President's signature, and thus did not become a law. In consequence of that fact Mexican pension applications, instead of being expedited as fast as this number of clerks could perform the work, will be compelled to take their place in the regular order of business, and cannot be reached until the avalanche of other claims that precedes them has been gotten out of the way.

Cotton Seed Oil Mills in the South.

BALTIMORE, March 16.—Notwithstanding statements to the contrary, it would seem that the South will surely get her new cotton-seed oil mills, which were projected a short time since by the South Cotton Oil Company, of which Henry C. Butcher, of Philadelphia, is president. Mr. Butcher sends the following communication to the *Manufacturers' Record:* "You can assure the people of the South that this company means business in its broadest sense. We have taken but one position from the start, and will maintain it. We have all the funds in hand necessary to accomplish our purpose, and have no favors to ask on that score. The company propose to build mills at the most desirable points as fast as the machinery can be turned out, and to go into the business on a purely legitimate mercantile basis, and develop it as it should be."

Jeff Davis Declines.

He writes to a friend in Wasington city: "I have been invited to go to Washington as the guest of the Rifle company of Vicksburg, which I appreciate very much, but I have not thought of going. I never expect to see Washington again. It has been a great many years since I was there, and the country has undergone many changes. It would be pleasant to view the scenes in about Washington which were once so familiar to me, though I doubt if I would recognize the city now as it has improved and grown into a magnificent city. No, I shall never again see Washington. I'm getting too old to travel."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. | NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MRS. DYE

has been North since the 1st of March, selecting

The Latest Novelties

OF THE SEASON.

THE NEW SHADES ARE PRETTY!

Charles X., Cerise, Vermuth, Gobelins, Boreal, Bois de Judee, Bois de Rose, Heliotrope, Pactole,

Are some of the LATEST.

Flowers are LOVELY and Gauzes are BEAUTIFUL. | The Hats and Bonnets are unsurpassed. | The new combinations of colors, shades, &c., inexpressible.

The "Winnie Davis" and "Southern Queen" are the Sun Hats of the season.

Call Early and Often at No. 37 Hay Street.

mar 24 tf

PENS! PENS! PENS!

London Incandescent Pens.

BEST PEN MADE.

Does not corrode, and equals either a Quill or Gold Pen in writing—soft, elastic and the most durable Pen made.

Does not corrode, and equals either a Quill or Gold Pen in writing—soft, elastic and the most durable Pen made.

—For sale at—

McNEILL & CO'S.

Fayetteville Book and Music Store.

Sample Cards Containing One Pen of Each Number.

mar 17 tf

White's Combined Plow!

STILL ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST PLOW

FOR ALL WORK ON THE FARM,

AS IT COMBINES

A Good Turning Plow with all the Stonewall Cotton and Tobacco Attachments.

PLOWS and CASTINGS for them always on hand. I also offer the BOY DIXIE, ATLAS, STONEWALL, "BOSS," CLIMAX TOBACCO PLOW and all other styles, such as Nos. 0, 35, 40, 50, 48, A 6 and M 6. For sale at LOW PRICES for CASH.

A FULL LINE OF GROCERIES AND HARDWARE ON HAND.

CHAS. HAIGH.

feb 24-tf Next Door to People's Bank.

Prior's Rheumatic Remedy.

Before offering PRIOR'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY to the public we have thoroughly tested its virtues as a remedy in Rheumatism—both chronic and acute—Gout and kindred diseases.

Its Use is Safe; Effect, Speedy.

It is free from an opiate or any other remedy that will have a stupefying effect.

Rheumatic sufferers who have taken it are our best endorsers, as the following testimonials will speak for themselves:

Did All That Was Claimed for It.

Messrs. Pemberton & Prior:

Dear Sirs—Having used Prior's Rheumatic Remedy, and finding great relief from it, will cheerfully recommend to all sufferers of Rheumatism to try it, and use as directed, and soon you will find relief as I have. I feel confident that it did just exactly what was claimed for it, and I am all right now by the use of it. I am thankful that I can testify honestly to your Rheumatic Remedy as a good thing.

I am believing in Prior's Rheumatic Remedy, Yours truly,

D. A. McMILLAN.

Fayetteville, N. C., Feb'y 9, '87.

Found Very Efficacious.

Messrs. Pemberton & Prior:

Dear Sirs—Having been a sufferer for more than two years with Rheumatism, and never received any appreciable benefit from the various remedies used, until I procured and used one bottle of Prior's Rheumatic Remedy, since which time I have no recurrence of the pain. I cheerfully and unhesitatingly recommend its use to all Rheumatics.

Yours Very Truly,

ISAAC JESSUP.

January, 20, 1887.

More Relief than Any Other Remedy.

Messrs. Pemberton & Prior:

Gents—I take great pleasure in recommending Prior's Rheumatic Remedy. I have experienced more relief from it than anything I have ever used. Yours Most Respectfully,

MRS. THOMAS McDANIEL.

Fayetteville, N. C., Feb. 9, 1887.

Only One Bottle Necessary.

Messrs. Pemberton & Prior:

Dear Sirs—Allow me to add a word in favor of Prior's Rheumatic Remedy. My wife was suffering with Rheumatism, and one bottle, I think, has cured her.

Respectfully,

JNO. T. McKAY.

Fayetteville, N. C., October, 1886.

An Excellent Remedy.

Messrs. Pemberton & Prior:

Gents—Having used Prior's Rheumatic Remedy in my family with best results, I gladly recommend it to all sufferers from Rheumatism.

Yours Truly,

J. A. PEMBERTON.

January 20, 1887.

Pemberton & Prior, Sole Manf's,

feb 10-tf Kyle's Corner, Fayetteville, N. C.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

For sale by A. S. HUSKE & CO.

feb 24, mar 3 1y

TO-DAYS FREIGHT,

FRENCH PRUNES,
EVAPORATED PEACHES,
TURKISH PRUNES,
MALAGA GRAPES,
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON,

jan 27 tf

BUIST'S

Celebrated Garden Seeds.

WHY IS IT THAT

SEDBERRY'S SEED SALES

INCREASE EVERY YEAR!

Because he **WILLL NOT** sell old Seeds left over, and the people know it.

"New and Fresh, or None,"

IS HIS MOTTO.

He has just received the Largest Supply ever brought to this market,

jan 27 tf

BEFORE YOU BUY

—YOUR—

FERTILIZERS

See What

LIME PHOSPHATE IS,

And then enquire about it.

What is it?

The Richest Marl Known

IT IS BONE AND LIME.

It is a permanent Fertilizer.
Lime can do your soil nothing but good.
Bone Phosphate is plant food.
It is the cheapest and best.
It is exclusively a North Carolina Fertilizer.
It is the best basis known for composts.
It will cure and renew sour soils.
☞ Write for circulars and formulas to
N. C. PHOSPHATE CO.,
mar 3-9m Raleigh, N. C.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTABLISHED 1832.

CASSARD'S PURE STAR BRAND LARD

IS THE BEST.

Try It And You Will Use No Other

For sale by the following reliable grocers:

D. H. RAY & CO., A. E. RANKIN & CO.
WALTER WATSON, A. S. HUSKE & CO.
S. A. PHILLIPS, J. E. VANN
AYER BROS., E. P. POWERS.
B. G. HOLLINGSWORTH.

G. CASSARD & SON,

517 to 525, W. Baltimore Street,

Baltimore, Md.

Curers of the celebrated "STAR BRAND" cured Hams and Breakfast Bacon.

AGENT FOR FAYETTEVILLE:

J. M. BROWN.

LAUNDRY, CASTILE and TOILET

S-o-a-p-s

PEARLINE, SAPOLIO.

Frank Siddle's unrivalled SOAP on hand constantly at

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

Now is your time for

Plum Pudding

(every one says it's good.)

Atmore's Mince Meat,

The Rival Brand, at

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

Go to Smith's Depot

(Cor. Mumford and Donaldson Sts.)

For Seasoned or Green

LUMBER, SHINGLES AND POSTS.

COAL OF ALL KINDS

And Pure Flint Ice.

Remember, I always have the best of everything at the same price generally asked for inferior goods. My motto is never to be undersold; so the public, who have so liberally patronized me in the past, will always find my stock full and prices as low as can be named for Ice, Coal, Lumber, &c.

☞ Being in correspondence with parties who want to buy Lands, will be pleased to hear from any person who has Lands for sale.

Address

N. H. SMITH, Real Estate Agent,

feb 24-tf Fayetteville, N. C.

Royal Baking Powder.

Pure, Fresh, Cans, Fine, Good, Economical, to Prepare, Delicious and Cream Tartar.

in stock at

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

Great Sale

—OF—

Hamburg Edgings and Insertions!

BROWN & RODDICK,

27 Hay Street.

We are now exhibiting on our counters the

Largest and Cheapest Line of HAMBURG EDGINGS and INSERTIONS Ever shown in this section of the country.

Made on the best cloth, and edges thoroughly finished—manufacturer retiring from business—and this purchase was made at per cent. below present market value.

Prices from 5c. to 45c. per yard. In all widths.

Great Reductions

—IN—

ALL DRY GOODS

that belong to winter wear. They must be sold.

YOU MAY RELY ON TWO THINGS.

First, WE HAVE COME HERE TO STAY. And secondly, we will allow NO house in the country to undersell us. Our facilities for buying are second to NONE. Every article marked in PLAIN FIGURES. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

BROWN & RODDICK,
27 Hay street.

feb 10 Branch Store Wilmington, N. C.

FRESH ROAST

JAVA, LAGUIRA, BLENDED and RIO

Coffees,

Fresh ground when wanted, at

HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

feb 3 tf

Not an Advertisement,

ONLY A

CARD OF THANKS.

Just one year ago the "MERCHANT MILLS" marked down the price of Meal to consumers to the COST PRICE of Corn. Many kind friends remarked: "Oh, well it won't last long." "He'll soon get sick of it," etc.

However, I'm the heartiest Rooster in the State "Red-hot and still heating."

Have doubled my capacity.

Running night and day.

Know nothing about "Hard Times."

And feel so much gratitude to the "blessed people That I must thank them publicly

For their hearty support,

And advise them to keep up the good work

And Save 25 per cent. Profit on BREAD.

Respectfully,

mar 3-tf JAS. D. McNEILL.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

THURSDAY.....MARCH 24, 1887.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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Six months (in advance).....1 00
☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TUTT'S PILLS.
GRADED SCHOOL.—Notice.
EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES.
MRS. DYE—Latest Novelties.
MCNEILL & CO.—Easter Cards.
J. D. MCNEILL—Mortgage Sale.
NOVITZKY & BRO.—In They Roll.
FRANK THORNTON—Correct Styles.
C. GLOVER—Piano and Organ Sale.
EXPRESS STEAMBOAT CO.—Notice.
W. J. MCDONALD, JR.—4 Green street.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

Bladen court this week, Judge Clark presides.

The Steamer *Murchison* is now equipped with a fine steel boiler. It is a capital boat.

The green ribbon was very generally worn on the 17th by both Irish and Irish sympathisers.

The poles for the scaffolding to the new Hotel are pretty lengthly, but it will be higher than that.

We want the news from all over the county. Even a little item on a postal card will be thankfully received.

The dust on Hay street was so bad that Mr. J. D. McNeill sprinkled the streets on Monday morning. Soon after we had a good rain.

The building of the electric light is rapidly approaching completion. The dam is nearly finished, and the wheel already in place. The dynamo has not yet arrived.

Pat Brewer, the colored man who killed young Freeze at Chapel Hill last fall, was taken from our jail by an officer last week, and carried to Orange County. He will be tried next week.

A young negro boy named Isaac Evans, was committed to jail on Tuesday, charged with burglary—entering the dwelling house of Maj. Jonathan Evans, in Cedar Creek township, last week.

Rev. F. W. Eason preaches one Sunday in each month at Judson's Church, on the east side of the Cape Fear, and the people are delighted. It is a voluntary act which his admirers will not let go unrewarded.

We learn that Judge Clarke expressed it as his opinion that all Magistrates should report to the Clerk of the Court, whether they had tried any cases or not. They have merely to write, "*No business transacted.*"

The bright, balmy days of the first of the month had led us to suppose that Spring was upon us, but on Thursday, Friday and Saturday ice formed, and we fear that our hopes of an abundant fruit crop are blighted.

A genial son of "Ould Ireland" showed us yesterday a sprig of Shamrock, all the way from the Emerald Isle. What the Thistle is to Scotland, the Fleur de Lis to France, the Rose to England, so is the Shamrock to Ireland.

We learn that the press which prints in many colors, invented by our townsman, Mr. J. B. Underwood, will be used by Mr. Carr, at Durham. It is a wonderful invention, but not a more successful one than his late cigarette maker.

At the annual meeting of the *Carolina Club* the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: A. H. Slocomb, Pres't; A. B. Williams, Vice Pres.; C. L. Taylor, Sec.; Dr. H. W. Lilly, Treas.; C. L. Campbell, F. Sec.

The Executive Committee of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society have appointed Mr. Walter Watson, President of the Society, J. B. Broadfoot and G. W. Lawrence, a committee to wait upon the merchants and others for special premiums. We bespeak for them a liberal response.

We hear it intimated that the Graded School is some two months behind in the payment of its teachers, and the Executive Committee have taken the books for inspection with the intention to place all notes and accounts in process of collection by law, unless debtors will come forward at once and settle.

Court adjourned on Thursday. Judge Clarke is a dispatcher of business, but much depends, as it did last week, in the efficiency of the Solicitor. On Wednesday Judge Clarke discharged a jury who had been out all day unable to agree, because two of the jurors were sick and unable to attend to business.

If you want to see fun, visit the sale stables where mules are sold. You know there are mules of all sorts, to suit the trade, we suppose, and they are there and farmers want them and buy them. The average sales now for several weeks has been between 8 and 10 mules per day, of different ages, sizes and conditions.

Mr. W. Stebbins Prior tells us that he has made a thorough canvass of the town, interviewing parties as to their ideas of building a cotton factory, and he finds that all, or nearly all, are in favor of it. Now we would suggest that these gentlemen meet together and form some plan as a basis of operations. All we want is unity of action and the matter can be accomplished; in fact, a good deal can be done if gone at in the proper way. One factory, or two, or more, have prospered here. Why not now?

TRUCKING INTERESTS.

There is nothing like energy. If one sits still he will remain in utter ignorance of even what his next door neighbor is doing. It is not best perhaps, to pry into the affairs of others too closely, but when a thing interests you and the community which you are expected to inform it is a different matter. So we determined to find out what our truckers were doing, and to our astonishment we learn that our market gardeners or truckers have in the past year made great strides in the race for earlier and finer vegetables; and if all goes well we shall see larger results from their labor than in any previous year. They realize the fact that we have a quick and direct line to the Northern markets and are hasting to grasp it.

HAYMOUNT NURSERIES.

C. W. WESTBROOK.—This is the place, two miles west of Fayetteville, recently bought by Mr. C. W. Westbrook, where he has begun the planting of fruits of all kinds. He has 20,000 cuttings of several of the best kind of grapes already planted, 2,000 vines in his vineyard, as well as a large quantity of peaches, pears, persimmons, &c., of improved sorts (of which he has planted the seed) that he may bud and graft upon. Mr. Westbrook is making a specialty of the Japanese Persimmon. By next fall he will be prepared to furnish trees, plants, vines, &c., &c., at low rates. He is also planting largely of peach and plum trees and grapes for market. Strawberries he will have in abundance. In the spring of 1886 he planted about 8 acres, and notwithstanding the drought and long rainy season of that year, he has a fair prospect of making for shipment this season from 8,000 to 10,000 quarts. Of all the berries, this, to our taste, is the most delecate and delicious. It is remarkable that the luxurious Romans, who fed on nightengale's tongues and peacock's brains, should have paid so little attention to this most luscious fruit, of which there are so many delicious varieties.

In February Mr. Westbrook planted 5½ acres of garden peas from Canada grown seed, and since then, at intervals, he has made four plantings. His first are now over six inches high. From these he hopes to realize fully $100 per acre, as the crop south (at Charleston) is reported light.

Last year he planted largely of asparagus, about 15,000 roots. From these, for the past two weeks (as stated in the OBSERVER of the 17th) he has been cutting daily, but will make no heavy shipments this year. His soil is peculiarly adapted to melons, and he will plant 5 or more acres in water- and muskmelons.

For some time Mr. W. has been pruning his orchards, vines, &c., sowing lawn grass, trimming evergreens, roses, &c., and in fact, doing everything that appertains to the business of a gardener, and this he is competent to do, for he served for many years as an apprentice under the most practical and professional of English, Scotch and German gardeners at his father's large nursery.

W. D. SMITH, who lives near by Mr. Westbrook, has this year given more attention to trucking than heretofore. He has decidedly increased his acreage, and it is to be hoped that the Wilson Short Cut may be a *short cut* to him and others in prosperity. Mr. Smith has 1,500 fruit trees of the best varieties of peaches, apples, pears, plums, cherries and apricots; about 2,000 grape vines, consisting of Ives' Seedling, Moore's Early, Martha, Delaware, Champion, Norton, Scuppernong, &c. He has for several years cultivated blackberries of the latest improved varieties. They are well known in this market, and those who enjoy the luscious sweetness of the large cultivated blackberry think that it is a slander to call it the *black sheep* of the small fruit branch of the rose family. This fruit is largely cultivated at the North, and we are glad to find one who appreciates them and will cultivate them. A writer says: "Only gather those that drop at the touch. These, in a brimming saucer, with golden yellow Aldernay cream and a soup con of sugar, are Olympian nectar: they melt before the tongue can measure their full roundness, and seem to be mere bloated bubbles of forest honey."

Mr. Smith has also raspberries and currants, 2 acres in strawberries, 1¼ in asparagus, 4½ in peas, 1 in cabbage, one-half in onions, and 5 or 6 acres in corn of the early variety. His prospects are good.

Mr. W. WELDON HUSKE.—Last year Mr. Huske began to turn his attention to trucking, and planted one or two acres in strawberries, and judging from their looks, his prospects for an abuntant yield is fine. The question is asked: "From whence does this fruit derive its name?" If there was as much doubt about the profit as there is in the origin of the name, the outlook would be dismal indeed. Is it named because of its straw-like stems on the plant, or from the berries lying *strewn* on the ground, or because it is necessary to put straw under them to keep the berries from rotting, or because the children sometimes string them on straws? Who knows? We don't.

Mr. Huske has also planted one or two acres in peas, and one in asparagus. His is but a beginning, but with his go-ahead spirit, we expect he will bring forth good results.

MR. J. A. WORTH.—It would be impossible to pass the hospitable home of this fine old gentleman without going in; and so it is in speaking of trucking. He must not be slighted, for he is one of the best and most successful of our gardeners. His strawberries are fine, his potatoes large, his cabbages and other vegetables always compare with the best. He is feeble now, but he has not laid aside his hoe. To till the soil and reap the benefit is his one great comfort, even his fields of corn in corn time, look better than others. He is a model farmer, and with him it is a labor of love.

OF HENRY COLLINS we all know, and the OBSERVER has often spoken of him, and he deserves it, for he is the pioneer in this business.

The members of the Independent Compasy are all taking much interest in the drills, and the attendance is always large. We see that the Hornets Nest Rifles are invited to join with the Fayetteville and Wilmington Companies in the formation of a battalion to participate in the National Encampment at Washington.

We stepped into the Ice Factory last week, and Col. Starr kindly showed us the *modus operandi*. It was too much for us. If you want to know all about it, ask him. We know one thing, that they are making beautiful ice, clear as crystal, using the purest water in the world, the Haymount, and that it is far better than pond ice, free from impurities, perfectly healthy.

A farmer (we will not say it was one of ours,) sent a dollar for a lightning potato-bug killer which he saw advertised in a paper, and received by return mail two blocks of wood with directions printed on one as follows:

"Take this block, which is No. 1, in the right hand, place the bug on No. 2 and press them together. Remove the bug and proceed as before."

An exchange says: "The following remedy against the cabbage worm has been tried and reported as having proved effectual. Dissolve three tablespoonfuls of salt in a gallon of water; and sprinkle the buds of the plants with this solution every three or four mornings, beginning as soon as the butterflies that lay the eggs on the plants are seen coming about the cabbage lot. The plants should be sprinkled after every rain, but ordinarily once in three or four mornings is often enough. It is said that the caterpillars will not eat the salted buds of the plants."

The *Marlboro Democrat* says: "President Bridgers and Chief Engineer Gardener were in Bennettsville on Friday, in consultation with some of our business men in regard to the extension of the branch of the Wilson and Florence Short Cut to this place. They talk as if there is no doubt about their coming as soon as money and ample facilities can bring them.

The contract from Pee Dee Bridge to Stafford's Bridge in Marion County has been let out, and the road is to be ready for business by September 1st next, on that part of the line and will at once come on to Bennettsville."

IMPROVEMENTS.—We understand that the members of the Presbyterian Church propose to make several improvements in their Church. The present ceiling is to be taken down and replaced with the natural pine, finished in oil. They intend, also, to have the Church lighted by the electric light.

INTO NEW QUARTERS.—We learn that our enterprising druggist, Mr. H. R. Horne, has rented the store recently vacated by Messrs. Rose & Leak, and will, as soon as the necessary shelving arrangements are completed, move into it. This is a much larger store and will be of great advantage to his increasing trade.

FIRE.—Near Harrington, Harnett co., on the 17th inst., the dwelling house of John Harrington, noted for its olden-time hospitality, was consumed by fire, which originated on the roof near the chimney. Loss $1,200; no insurance. The furniture was nearly all saved. The loss falls heavily on Mr. Harrington, especially now in his declining years. He has the sympathy of his neighbors and friends.

A WORK OF ART.—There is on exhibition at Messrs. Pemberton & Prior's drug store, an oil painting, the handiwork of Mrs. S. J. Salms. We have seen the original, which is pronounced a beautiful specimen of art, and we have no hesitation in saying that this copy is in the expression of the characters, in touch, and finish, the superior. Mrs. Salms also made the frame; it is one of the tastiest we ever saw, and, strange to say, it is made of common pine, button moulds and large hominy gilded. It is ingenious as well as beautiful. Mrs. S. has presented this picture to the ladies' Industrial Exchange.

FRUIT CANNING.—We give in the OBSERVER to-day, a meagre account of our trucking business, and this naturally suggests if other markets do not pay, that to utilize the quantity that will be made, it would be not only profitable, but desirable, that a fruit canning establishment be erected here. There is no difficulty in getting information, the outlay is not large, and it is an industry that would benefit, not only the producers of fruit and vegetables, but keep a good deal of money at home, which now goes North to buy the very things that we raise. It is worth looking into, and we hope some one will at once take the matter in hand.

Personals.

Mrs. J. G. De Witt, of New York, is visiting Mrs. H. McD. Robinson.

Miss Janie Kyle and her cousin, Miss Laura Kyle returned from Georgia last week.

Mrs. J. B. Broadfoot returned home last week. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Minnie Bryan.

Miss Mary Smith is now North, and expects to return in a few days with a large and well assorted stock of goods.

Dr. J. C. Curry, of Woodberry, N. J., a graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, proposes to establish himself here.

Rev. Dr. Huffmam of Elizabeth City, is assisting the Rev. Mr. Eason in the protracted services at the Baptist Church.

Rev. Mr. Gibbs will preach, at the Methodist Church at 11, A. M. next Sabbath, a sermon especially adapted to young men.

Gov. Scales has issued commissions to the officers of the Second Regiment; among them we notice that of Dr. J. A. Hodges, as Surgeon.

Mrs. John Shaw left on the 21st for the Northern Markets. She will be gone about two weeks, and expects to purchase largely in her line of goods.

Misses Morgie and Mary Worth, daughters of Capt. A. H. Worth, of Bladen, are visiting their many friends in Fayetteville. They are at present the guests of Dr. T. D. Haigh.

We are glad to see that Master Archie Sykes, who was accidentally shot two weeks ago, is able to be at his place of business again. He looks as well as ever.

Miss Lucy Daingerfield, who has been visiting Capt. J. E. P. Daingerfield, returned home last week. Her presence here has given much pleasure, and she left with the regrets of many warm friends.

Miss Margaret Foulkes, the daughter of Dr. James F. Foulkes, now a resident of Oakland, California, arrived here on Saturday last. She is visiting her relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Kyle. This is the first visit Miss Foulkes has paid Fayetteville since her childhood.

Letter of Resignation of Rev. Dr. J. C. Huske, Rector of St. John's.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., March 17, 1887.

To the Wardens and Vestry of St John's Church:

MY DEAR BRETHREN:—My health is so utterly broken that I am no longer able to discharge the duties of the office I have so long held among you. And I have no hope of any material improvement of my health in the future unless I am relieved entirely from the labors and cares of the Pastoral office. I am constrained, therefore, by a sense of duty to the Church, as well as to myself, to tender to you my resignation of the Rectorship of St. John's, to take effect Easter Monday next, asking your prompt acceptance of the same.

I take this step with a sadness of heart which I cannot express. It severs a tie which has bound us together as Pastor and people for now nearly thirty-six years. It brings to an end a relation in which I have been the object of a kindness and love that ever has been, and is now far more precious to my heart than gems or stores of gold. It causes to perish a fondly cherished hope, and the only ambition of my life, which has ever been that I might be permitted to serve at the Altar of "St. John's Church, Fayetteville," unto the end of my life. But it is a step which I think I ought to take; *and I take it*, however great the cost to myself.

And now, brethren, I commend you to God and to the word of His grace, praying unto Him with all my heart for His blessings upon each one of you members of the Vestry and upon each member of the congregation—and, indeed, upon each soul in this community, without any exception whatsoever.

Your affectionate Pastor,
(Signed) J. C. HUSKE.

Upon the reception of this letter, a meeting of the Vestry was called, and passed unanimously the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, Failing health has deprived the Church for some time past of the valuable services of our beloved Rector, and may do so for some time to come; and, whereas, the urgent necessity of another resident minister among us is admitted by all (both for the relief of our Rector and the welfare of the Church); and, whereas, with great grief at the apparent necessity for the step, our Rector has tendered his resignation, that the congregation might be free to fill his place; and, whereas, he has stated in his letter that he cannot hope for any material improvement in health until entirely relieved from the labors and cares of the Pastorate;

1. *Be it resolved*, That the Vestry are unwilling to accept the resignation of Dr. Huske, and he is hereby earnestly requested to withdraw the same.

2. *Resolved*, That he be tendered one year's absolute freedom from any and all kinds of parochial work; and he is hereby officially relieved from all the duties and cares incident to his office and work among us.

3. *Resolved*, That from Easter Monday next he shall receive $400 per year, payable quarterly.

4. *Resolved*, That steps be taken immediately to secure the services of an assistant Rector, one year; and that the amount which can be offered him be ascertained by a canvass of the congregation.

5. *Resolved*, That the foregoing Preamble and Resolutions shall be submitted to a meeting of the congregation, and shall not be in force until ratified by them.

On motion of Mr. Broadfoot, *Resolved*, That a meeting of the congregation be called Tuesday evening next, to pass upon the above resolutions, and to take steps to secure the services of another minister.

In accordance with the resolution of the Vestry, there was a meeting of the congregation held on Tuesday evening last, which ratified and confirmed without a dissenting voice the action of the Vestry.

The Inter-State Commission.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The President has appointed the following inter-state commerce commissioners: Thos. M. Cooley, of Michigan, for a term of six years; Wm. R. Morrison, Illinois, five years; Augustus Schoonmaker, New York, four years; Aldace F. Walker, Vermont, three years; Walter L. Bragg, Alabama, two years.

MARRIED.

In this city on Tuesday morning, by the Rev. F. W. Eason, Mr. Gilford Horne to Miss Mary J. Sessoms.

DIED.

Near Red Springs, Robeson County, at the residence of D. B. McLean, on the 18th inst., S. A. Baldwin, for several years Justice of the Peace for Cumberland County. Mr. Baldwin was over 70 years of age.

GENERAL FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

Corrected by Geo. A. Thomson.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1887.

N. C. BACON—		HIDES—	
Hog Round,	10@11	Flint—good,	11
Sides,	10	Flint—damaged,	5@8
Hams,	11	Dry Salt,	9@10
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Green,	4½
Sides,	8½@9	IRON—	
Shoulders,	6½@7	American,	3
WESTERN BACON—		Swedes,	5@6
Sides,	9½@10	LARD—	
Hams,	15	N. Carolina,	10
Shoulders,	7	Western,	9@10
BAGGING,	8@9	LEATHER—	
BEEF—		Upper, country,	35@40
On foot,	0 0@	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27
Dressed,	5@6	Harness, c'ntry,	25@30
BEESWAX,	18@20	MOLASSES,	25@40
BUTTER—		NAILS—	
North Carolina,	20@25	(10d basis),	2.75
Northern,	30@35	PORK—	
COFFEE—		Fresh,	6½
Java,	25	Mess,	(None.)
Rio,	15@17	POTATOES—	
COTTON YARN,	85@95	Sweet,	40@50
COTTON TIES,	1.15@1.40	Irish—bbl.,	3.00
CHICKENS,	15@25	SALT,	85@90
EGGS,	12½	SUGARS—	
FLOUR—		Coffee,	6½@7
N. C. Family,	(None.)	Granulated,	7@8
West. Fam.,	4.00@7.00	SHEETINGS,	6
FODDER,	75	SHUCKS,	50
GRAIN—		TALLOW,	5
Corn,	60	WOOL,	18
Oats,	55	SPIRITS—	
Rye,	85	Corn Whisky,	1.75@2.00
Peas new,	65	Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
HAY—		Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	30@60	Peh Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	1.00@1.20		

AN UNTIMELY DEATH

so often follows neglect of nervous affections. Take PEMBERTON'S FRENCH WINE COCA, the most elegant, efficient and reliable *Nerve* Restorer and Tonic ever offered to the public and profession. Tis a permanent invigorator of *mind* and *body*, cures neuralgia, sleeplessness, sick headache, sexual and nervous debility, tired feeling, blues, &c. Supplies the essential elements of nerve force and organic life. Prescribed by Physicians and sold *by all Druggists*. Beware of imitations. Get the genuine. Ask your Druggist for History of Coca Plant and Pemberton's Wine Coca.

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market.

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

COTTON.—The market opened on Monday of this week at 9 cents, remaining on Tuesday and yesterday at the same price.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits was quiet yesterday at 32½ cents.

Rosin was dull, prices ranging from 55 and 65 cents for common.

Crude Turpentine—Hard $1.00, Yellow Dip $1.50, Virgin $1.75.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 22, 6 P. M.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Quoted firm at the opening at 35 cents per gallon. No sales.

ROSIN.—The market was quoted firm at 80 cents per bbl. for strained and 85 cents for Good Strained.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Correct Styles.

Three weeks ago I was in New York during the Grand Openings of all the latest Spring Importations, and availed myself of the opportunity of making my selections from the cream of the stocks, before the goods were picked over. Later on—say about this time—I would have been compelled to content myself with selections from what was left, after thousands of buyers had handled the goods and made their picks.

My purpose now, as heretofore, is to use my utmost endeavors to secure for my customers at the proper moment the choicest selections exhibited in the markets, using due care to purchase no goods, unless recommended by their correctness of style and general superiority of their intrinsic merits.

With extended facilities and more complete stocks than ever before, aided by every improvement and addition for the proper management of a perfectly equipped Dry Goods Establishment, I enter upon this season, confident of eclipsing the record of any past season in the increase of business.

Every department now teems with unrivalled displays of the most fashionable and stylish fabrics which mind can conceive of or ingenuity invent.

Frank Thornton
mar 24 tf

NOTICE
Of Sale under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain land mortgage executed by H. A. Taylor and wife Malinda Taylor, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland county in book D, No. 4, page 455, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: About 200 acres of land north-west of Fayetteville, known as a part of the Huske Landson Big Cross Creek, joining Tokay Vineyard, lands of J. D. McNeill and others, more particularly described in said mortgage. Time of sale, Saturday, April 23rd, 1887, at 12 o'clock M. Place of sale, Market House, Fayetteville, N. C., Cumberland County. Terms of sale, cash.

JAS. D. MCNEILL, Mortgagee.
DUNCAN ROSE, Attorney.
mch 24-ts

In They Roll!

EVERY FREIGHT TRAIN THAT ARRIVES THIS WEEK BRINGS GOODS FOR US. BY SATURDAY OUR ENTIRE STOCK WILL BE IN AND READY FOR INSPECTION. CLOTHING IS HANDSOME AND CHEAP THIS SEASON. WE INVITE EVERYONE TO CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

LOOK FOR DETAILS IN "THE FAYETTEVILLE CLOTHIER," TO APPEAR NEXT WEEK.

NOVITZKY & BRO.,
The Fayetteville Clothiers.
mch 24 1t

SANDWICHES,
Ham Sausage,
FRESH at 4 Green Street.

FRESH
ANHEUSER BUSCH BEER.
Keg Tapped Every 3 or 4 Hours.
mar 24-tf W. J. McDONALD, Jr.

Piano and Organ Sale
AT AUCTION,
AT THE MARKET HOUSE ON SATURDAY, APRIL 2nd.
A New Gold String, Upright Piano,
With others.
mar 24-2t C. GLOVER, Auctioneer.

Graded School Notice.

PAY UP! PAY UP! PAY UP!

Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the Graded School, that the Teachers need their money, and must have it. Prompt payment will save trouble and costs, and will greatly oblige.
mar 24-tf TREASURER.

EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES
ALWAYS SATISFACTORY
EIGHTEEN SIZES AND KINDS
ALL PURCHASERS CAN BE SUITED
MANUFACTURED BY
Isaac A. Sheppard & Co., Baltimore, Md.
AND FOR SALE BY
McMILLAN BROS,
mar 24-1y Fayetteville, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Easter Cards. EEEEEEE EEEEEEE EE EE EEEE EE EE EEEEEEE EEEEEEE **Easter Cards.**

APRIL 10TH IS EASTER.
Come to
McNEILL & CO'S. McNEILL & CO'S.
McNEILL & CO'S. **McNeill & Co's.** McNEILL & CO'S.
McNEILL & CO'S. McNEILL & CO'S.
McNEILL & CO'S. McNEILL & CO'S.
FOR
Easter Cards—all styles.
mar 24 3t

Express Steamboat Co.
THE STEAMER D. MURCHISON,
CAPT. J. C. SMITH,
will, on and after April 1st, leave Fayetteville on
Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 o'clock.
Returning, will leave Wilmington at
2 P. M. Wednesdays and 12 M. Saturdays.
☞ Freight and passenger accommodations first-class.
A. B. WILLIAMS, Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.
WILLIAMS & MURCHISON, Agents, Wilmington, N. C.
mar 24-tf

TAKE
Tutt's Pills
The first dose often astonishes the invalid, giving elasticity of mind and
Bouyancy of Body
to which he was before a stranger. They give appetite,
GOOD DIGESTION,
regular bowels and solid flesh. Nicely sugar coated. Price, 25cts. per box.
Sold Everywhere.
mar 24 1y

IF YOU WANT THE BEST,
GO TO
W. R. WICKER
FOR THE VERY BEST AND PUREST
Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Tobacco and Cigars.
PURE OLD MONTICELLO, GOLDEN CROWN, OLD CABINET, LUCY HINTON, PATAPSCO, NORTH CAROLINA
RYE WHISKIES.
CORN WHISKEY,
The Purest, for Dyspeptics.
RUM. WINES, Foreign and Domestic. **GIN.**
Tobacco and Cigars,
A Full Line.

The Plowman,	SILVER VEIL. Not that worn by the mysterious, prophet, but smoked by him. *Finest in town.*	Farmer's Friend,
Silver Lake,		Red Cap,
Panatelas,		Carolinas,
High Life.		All the Go.

SANS SOUCI.—Warranted to make "free from cause," as was the "Great Fritz" at Potsdam. Try them. mar 3-3m

Administrator's Notice.

Having this day qualified as administrator on the estate of J. S. Gainey, deceased, all persons are hereby notified to present their claims against said estate, properly verified, before the 10th day of March, 1888. All persons indebted to said estate will please settle at once.
L. W. STRICKLAND, Adm'r of J. S. Gainey.
H. McD. ROBINSON, Attorney.
March 10, 1887. m 17-6t pd

CLIPPER PLOWS.

We have already placed our second order for
CLIPPERS
during the month of January.

We have in our possession about one hundred recommendations for this PLOW, received from farmers in Harnett, Chatham, Moore, Bladen, Robeson and Cumberland Counties.

The Plow is Sold Under an Absolute Guarantee. Purchasers Run No Risk.

Call before you buy. If you can't come, write us and we will send descriptive catalogues. We are in the
New Store,
next to "Starr's Corner," where can be found a full line of
Groceries and Hardware.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.
jan 20 1y

WHY WILL YOU ALLOW
YOUR WIFE,
already overburdened with care, to trouble and worry over
BREAD-MAKING?
To tire the already weary arms and shoulders with kneading, and to heat herself over the baking, when you can buy it
SO NICE, FRESH AND CHEAP
FROM
MRS. BANKS?
She has a Northern Baker who is not to be excelled.
HER STOCK OF TOYS
is unsurpassed in town; and if you will give your pennies to the little ones they will soon show you where are to be found the
Very Best and Freshest Candies.
At *MRS. BANKS'* (old stand of J. N. Smith's Drug Store) you will find a large stock of all
NEW GOODS.
The old stock was destroyed by fire a short time since. You will find *TOOTHSOME BREADS, DAINTY CAKES, FRESH CANDIES*
mar 10-1m At MRS. BANKS'.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEDBERRY'S
Notice for the Past and Future.

As is universally known, BOND E. SEDBERRY has been in the Drug business in Fayetteville for
30 YEARS 30 YEARS
During that time he has been forced to furnish medicine free to scores and scores of poor people who were not able to pay for prescriptions and medicine. Under the circumstances he felt it to be his duty to do the best he could to relieve them. This he did, and in the great majority of cases the remedies acted well. The result was that he discovered a valuable remedy for each of the following diseases:
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Summer Complaints, Kidney Trouble, Coughs and Falling off of the Hair.
For reasons best known to himself he has never advertised or pushed them, and perhaps he never will, but if he does they will be called:
Sedberry's own Thunder and Lightning Rheumatic Remedy.
Sedberry's own Thunder and Lightning Remedy for Neuralgia.
Sedberry's own Thunder and Lightning Remedy for Summer Complaint.
Sedberry's own Thunder and Lightning Remedy for Kidney Trouble.
Sedberry's own Thunder and Lightning Hair Tonic.
mch 10

Please Note the Fact
THAT
Harrison's Ready-Mixed Paint
has been largely used here for years; that it has given satisfaction; that their large, new PORTFOLIO, containing numerous stylish illustrations of combinations of colors facilitates the selection of beautiful designs; that their first book improved the style and appearance of painting in Fayetteville; and that the Paint is sold at *close prices*.
Please also remember that I keep a full supply of **BROOKLYN WHITE LEAD** and pure **LINSEED OIL** which I will sell as low as the lowest.
mar 10-4t H. R. HORNE.

First-class Restaurant.
The ladies of Fayetteville and vicinity will be glad to know that at
Brown's Restaurant
they can find all the delicacies of the market in season. The market of Fayetteville affords many tempting luxuries, which can be served
IN THE BEST STYLE
At BROWN'S,
whether it be an elaborate dinner of Fish, Flesh and Fowl or a simple lunch of Crackers and Oysters.
Open at All Hours for Ladies and Gentlemen.
mar 10 4t

In Coming and Going, Always Step at
J. S. McNEILL'S,
(Opposite Short Cut Depot,)
FOR NICE, FRESH
GROCERIES.
You will be sure to find what you want.
ALSO,
FRESH BEEF,
Cut to Order by the Best Butcher in Town.
COME ONE! COME ALL!
mar 10 4t

WHO DOES NOT LIKE SAUSAGE!
WHAT SO NICE AS
A FRESH, JUICY STEAK?
You will find both at
PLUMMER'S,
(Opposite Wilson Short Cut Depot.)
A FULL LINE OF GROCERIES
In store.
Fresh Meats at all times. Fresh Sausage, carefully made—sure to please. Haymount people should not forget what a convenience Plummer's Meat Market is to them. mar 10-4t

A. MOORE.
TOBACCO, TOBACCONIST GOODS,
Liquors for Medical Purposes,
Port, Sherry, Madeira and California Wines.
☞ Agent for G. W. Lawrence's celebrated Scuppernong Wines. dec 16-tf

THE BEST KNOWN
C-I-G-A-R
on this market, is
HEADQUARTERS BRAND.
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

R. M. NIMOCKS
Is agent for and has in stock the following brands of
FERTILIZERS:
NAVASSA, WILCOX & GIBBS', CHESAPEAKE and AMERICUS
GUANOS,
NAVASSA ACID PHOSPHATE, WILCOX & GIBBS' SUPERPHOSPHATE,
BOYKIN & CARMER'S CHEMICALS,
And Pure German Kainit.
Also, a full line of
TENNESSEE WAGONS and CARTS,
Boy Dixie and Stonewall Plows and Castings,
GROCERIES,
Wagon Harness and Farming Implements.
All offered at
POPULAR PRICES.
mar 3 3m

"OYSTERS."
I am receiving DAILY from Norfolk, IN THE SHELL,
The Finest SELECTED Oysters.
Remember, I can furnish you with Oysters
28 HOURS FRESHER 28
than any Oysters brought to Fayetteville.
W. J. McDONALD, Jr.,
mar 17 tf 4 Green Street.

Hotel at Dunn's.
STOP AT
The COMMERCIAL HOTEL
Near the Depot.
A. B. GODWIN, Proprietor,
mar 17-tf Dunn's, N. C.

A WOMAN'S PORTRAIT.

[J. R. Lowell.]

Blessing she is; God made her so,
And deeds of week-day holiness
Fall from her noiseless as the snow,
Nor has she ever chanced to know
That aught was easier than to bless.

She is most fair, and thereunto
Her life doth heartily harmonize;
Feeling or thought that was not true
Ne'er made less beautiful the blue,
Unclouded heaven of her eyes.

She is a woman; one in whom
The springtime of her childish years
Hath never lost its fresh perfume,
Though knowing well that life hath room
For many blights and tears.

AGRICULTURAL.

How to Save Peach Blossoms.

[Peter Henderson in American Agriculturist.]

On a visit to the Catskill Mountains the past season, I stopped at a farm-house, the owner of which, like many other farmers in that vicinity, owns a saw mill, and pays considerable attention to fruit. On one occasion, he found that a lot of sawdust had some time during the winter been accidentally thrown around the roots of one of his peach trees to the depth of a foot. As spring came, he was astonished to find that, while all the rest of his peach orchard was starting into bloom, the tree around which the sawdust had been thrown showed no signs of starting. Fearing something was the matter, he began to dig around the roots, and, although it was the first week in May, he found the soil frozen solid. The covering of saw-dust had been put on when the ground was frozen, and, being an excellent nonconductor, had kept it from thawing, thus retarding the growth ten or twelve days, so that by the time the peach tree, thus belated, commenced blooming, all danger of late spring frosts, so fatal to the peach crop, had passed. This was some fifteen years ago, but the owner, acting on the suggestion thus fortunately given, has every since covered his peach trees six or eight feet around the roots with about a foot of sawdust, being carefully, however, to do the covering in February or March, when the ground was deeply frozen. He claims that, by this method, he never failed to secure a crop of peaches by thus delaying the development of the buds until the danger of spring frosts was past.

The plan is well worth adopting in all sections where peaches and other fruits are injured by the late frosts. Though sawdust is perhaps the best material to cover with, yet, if not obtainable leaves, or litter, or any non-conducting material may be used to keep the soil from thawing, thus retarding vegetation. One very important point must not be lost sight of, which is, that the covering must only be done when the frost is deep in the soil, and as late in winter as the ground is likely to be frozen deep. If covered when the ground is slightly frozen early in winter, the object would be defeated, as the last covering which is put on, to keep the frost in the ground, if put on, early in the winter, would prevent the frost from entering deep enough to retard the growth. I have just been informed that, to attain the same end, the farmers of Sullivan county, N. Y., have long been in the habit of carting snow around the roots of their peach trees, on the sides of the hills facing north.

What Salt will do for Fowls.

[E. M. Brown in Poultry Keeper.]

I have noticed in several past issues of the Poultry Keeper the subject of feeding salt to poultry discussed in its various phases as well as the actual experience in many instances given. These numerous experiences, furnished us from every part of the world's compass, tend to assist us in the true management of our fowls, and our ambitions and endeavors are to avoid as well as profit by the success and failure of others. I have always fed salt to my fowls enough in their mixed feed to nicely season it, and could never discover any ill effects from the use of it. When used in moderation, I should rather recommend its utility, being in itself a promoter to health, but beware of feeding to an excess. I look back within the period of a year, and mourn the loss of an elegant thoroughbred cockerel, and all on account of eating too much salt. The facts of the case are as follows: I was busily engaged giving my poultry house a renovating process of white wash, having among the ingredients, for the wash, eight or ten pounds of salt (to make it stick.) At one time during the proceeding to cleanliness, my back was turned to my pen of fowls, and this particular stalwart young bird, taking advantage of the opportunity, proceeded to devour salt to his heart's content, and my misfortune. My mind at once run back to all the stories of salt I had ever heard of and I made up my mind he was as good as dead. I left him soon. On awakening in the morning the next day, I found the poor fellow in sweet repose (dead) in the corner of the house. My only utterance was "salt did it." On relating the above to a friend, I was told of a peculiar case of wholesale killing by fowels eating a lot of salt-pickled strings beans, which had been thrown out, together with the table scraps, and was eaten with the above result. Every hen and chick which partook of the salt beans died. I could enumerate several other like instances of death resulting from an overdose of salt; but I am satisfied that you will all agree with me that I have given herein the essence of "what salt will do for fowls."

Pleasant Phases of Farm Life.

[Exchange]

It is a common complaint that the farm and farm life are not appreciated by our people. We long for the more elegant pursuits or the ways and fashions of the town. But the farmer has the most sane and rational occupation, and ought to find life sweeter, if less highly seasoned, than any other. He alone, strickly speaking, has a home. How can a man take root and thrive without land? He writes his history upon his field. How many ties, how many resources he has, his friendships with his cattle, his teams, his dog, his trees; the satisfaction in his improved fields, his intimacy with nature, with bird and beast and the quickening elemental forces; his co-operation with the clouds, the sun, the seasons, heat, wind, rain, frost. Nothing will take the various social distempers which the city and artificial life breed out of a man like farming, like direct and loving contract with the soil. It draws out the poison. It humbles him, teaches him patience and reverence, and restores the proper tone to his system.

Dr. J. A. Lintner states that under the most conservative circumstances, a single chinch-bug depositing its eggs about the first of June, would be in the following August the progenitor of a quarter of a million.

THE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

The bill for the establishment of an Industrial School, near Raleigh, was passed by the Legislature during its recent session. The following is a synopsis of the bill as passed:

Section 1. That the Industrial School be denominated "The North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts," and shall be located on the lands donated by R. Stanhope Pullen, near the city of Raleigh.

Sec. 2. The leading object of this College shall be, without excluding other scientific and mechanical studies, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life.

Sec. 3. The management and control of the said college and the care and preservation of all its property, shall be vested in a Board of Trustees to be composed of the Board of Agriculture of North Carolina, and five other persons, who shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, who shall have power to appoint its president, instructors and as many other officers or servants as to them shall appear necessary and proper; and shall fix their salaries and prescribe their duties: Provided, That the board of trustees shall be composed half of each political party.

Sec. 4. The certificate of indebtedness of this State for $125,000, issued for the principal of the land scrip fund to the trustees of the University of North Carolina, shall be transferred on the 13th day of June, 1888, or as soon thereafter as it shall appear that the Agricultural and Mechanical College is ready to receive the interest on the land scrip fund, and that the principal of the fund will not in any way be compromised by such a transfer to the said Board of Trustees for the benefit of the said North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

Sec. 5. That the directors of the North Carolina State Penitentiary shall be required to furnish free of charge all brick and stone requisite for the erection of the necessary buildings of said college, and to furnish convict labor for the preparation of the grounds and the foundations, the erection of the said buildings, and for such other purposes in connection with the establishment of the said college as they may be able.

Sec. 6. That the Board of Agriculture shall turn over to the Board of Trustees of the said college, as provided in this act, to be applied to the establishment, maintenance and enlargement of the said college, all funds, land, material and other property which have accumulated in their hands for the establishment of an Industrial School, under chapter 308, laws of 1885, and annually hereafter the whole residue of their funds, from licenses on fertilizers remaining over and not required to conduct the regular work of that department. The agricultural experiment and fertilizer control station, already established under the management of said Board of Agriculture, shall be connected with said college, and the Board of Agriculture may turn over to the said trustees, in whole or part, for purposes of the said college, any buildings, lands, laboratories, museums or other property which may be in their possession, as in their judgment may be thought proper.

Sec. 7. The use of the three hundred acres of land, more or less, known as the Camp Mangum tract, belonging to the State of North Carolina, and situated one half mile west of the State fair grounds, is hereby given to the said Board of Trustees for the benefit of said College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, or of the Experiment Station connected therewith.

Sec. 8. The Board of Trustees shall admit to the benefits of the said college, free of any charges for tuition, upon proper evidence of good moral character and of their inability, or the inability of their parents or guardians, to pay their tuition, a certain number of youths, to be determined by them, not to be less than one hundred and twenty, and shall apportion the same to the different counties applying according to their relative number of members in the House of Representatives of North Carolina. The said board are hereby empowered to make the necessary regulations for carrying this into effect and for the admission of other students.

Sec. 9. Every student in this College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts shall be required to take a course of manual training or labor, together with the other courses of study and exercise, as the Board shall direct.

Fight in a Menagerie.

There was a fight between an elephant and a leopard Monday night at the winter quarters of old John Robinson's menagerie in Cincinnati. A miserable little Mexican pony caused the whole trouble. The pony was free, and it found amusement in prancing about the big captive elephant, which reached for the pony with his trunk, but could not get him until the pony was beguiled into a corner at short range. Then the elephant, with an angry bellowing, seized the small animal and dashed him against the leopard's cage. The force of the blow bent the bars of the cage, and the leopard sprang to the ground and buried its claws and teeth in the flesh of of the half dead pony. The elephant forgiving and forgetting the irritation which the good humored pony had caused him, turned to defend the prostaate beast from the fury of the leopard, and with his swinging trunk he struck the leopard such a blow on the head as ought to have stunned it. The snarling leopard turned on the elephant, and prepared to spring. The elephant didn't wait, but seizing the leopard in his trunk as he had seized the pony, he threw the savage beast against the wall of the stable. One of the leopard's paws was crushed, and so was his spirit. He crouched down to nurse his wounded foot, and meanwhile the keepers seized his tail through a doorway and captured him. The pony will die.

The illustrations accompanying the unpublished letters of Thackeray, in *Scribner's Magazine*, will be unique. There will be portraits, views of places mentioned, etc.; but the principal illustrations will be Thackeray's own work. Many of the letters contain sketches, which will be reproduced in fac-simile; and others of his drawings, which are in the possession of Mrs. Brookfield, to whom most of the letters were written, will also be given.

The *Carthage Blade*, in speaking of the carriage manufactory at that place says:

It is generally conceded, and that without reason, that we cannot compete with the North in our manufacturing enterprises, but here is a firm that makes no such admission; it does compete with the North most successfully, making better and finer work, at lower prices, for which it finds ready sale at handsome profits.

Spasmodic croup and spasm of the glottis are relieved by bromide of potassium, with a positiveness found in no other remedy. It not only relieves the attack, but will prevent a recurrence.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. BOYKIN'S

Worm Killer.

"THE BEST SELLING VERMIFUGE IN THE MARKET."

The Most Reliable Worm Destroyer in Use.

Recipe furnished to any regular Physician when requested.

We have never asked for a certificate. We have some of the strongest ever given—all sent without solicitation. Some of them with the request that we publish for the benefit of all children suffering with worms. The bottle is larger than usual. The Vermifuge the best in the market. The price as low as any—then why not use it? Read a few only of the many evidences of its merit

RIDGEWAY, S. C.—Messrs. Boykin, Carmer & Co. Gents: I have quite a demand for your "Worm Killer." It is the best Vermifuge I can get. A farmer bought a bottle of me a few weeks ago, gave one dose to his child; came in next day with a chow-chow jar filled with worms, the result of one dose. Since then all want it. W. J. DAVIS

DUCK CREEK, N. C., May 8, 1884.—Boykin, Carmer & Co., Baltimore, Md.—Dear Sirs: Mr. A Rudd, a very respectable customer of mine, gave a half teaspoonful of "Worm Killer" to a child last week, and the result was 35 worms. Mr. Daniel Pines used it with still better results; 75 worms from one child; of course my sales will be large. Truly, E. S. SMITH.

Read the following from one of the most prominent and best known physicians and farmers in South Carolina. He writes, "That a negro girl 10 years old, took two or three doses of 'Worm Killer,' and passed 366 worms." R. H. EDMUNDS, M. D.

Dated, Ridgeway, S. C., May 26, 1884.

Dr. H. M. McDonald of Lagrange, N. C., says Dr. Boykin's "Worm Killer" brought over 100 worms from one child in his neighborhood; and that it gives universal satisfaction. He sells more of it than any other worm medicine.

Price only 25 Cents per Bottle.

Do not let your Druggist or General Dealer put you off with some OTHER. Ask for "Boykin's Worm Killer," and get it.

☞ Any M. D. can prescribe it, and many do.

BOYKIN, CARMER & CO.,
Nos. 11 and 13 North Liberty Street,
feb 24-2m Baltimore, Md.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

—BUY—
YOUR NEW HULLED
Buckwheat,
Fancy and New Orleans Syrup, Full Creamery Butter, Preserves, Jellies and Jams
—AT—
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

NORTH CAROLINA.

HARNETT COUNTY IN SUPERIOR COURT.

N. W. Ray, Administrator of Jesse B. Moore, dec'd, vs.
Bright Moore, William Moore, Frank Norris and wife Susan (children of John Moore), Alfred Ryals and wife Rebecca, Henry Moore, Joseph Denning and wife Edna, Aldrige Moore, Hugh Moore, W. Riley Glover, Frank Wood and wife Cynthia (children of Sarah Moore), Robert B. Parker and wife Fanny, Bartlett Moore, Partin Moore, Daniel Ray and wife Zelphia, defendents as heirs of Jesse B. Moore.

You and each of you Parties Plaintiff and Defendant will take notice, and notice is hereby given that the Plaintiff in this cause, having filed his final account as Administrator of the deceased Jesse B. Moore, the undersigned has set the hearing of objections to the said account for the 15th day of April, 1887, on or before which date exceptions to said Administrator's account may be filed in this office, otherwise the same will be approved and apportionment of the assets in hand will be made accordingly. Notice is further given to all parties Defendant to file on or before said date a verified schedule of advancements received, and failure to file such schedules will be according to law presumptive evidence of th delinquents having received his or her full share of the estate of said Jesse B. Moore.

Such schedules to be filed with the Administrator, N. W. Ray, or in this office for his inspection.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 19th day of February, 1-87. J. A. CAMERON, C. of C.

—THE—
PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.
PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.
ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.

PATAPSCO 96 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C.A.GAMBRILL MFG.CO. BALTIMORE

The value of FLOUR depends upon the ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF NUTRITION CONTAINED IN THE BREAD IT MAKES. Maryland and Virginia Wheat, from which our PATENT ROLLER FLOURS are chiefly manufactured, has long been conceded to be SUPERIOR to any other, because it has a BETTER COMBINATION OF GLUTEN AND PHOSPHATES. This fact is recognized not only in this country, but in the United Kingdom as well, where the "PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE" COMMANDS DECIDEDLY MORE MONEY than any other American Flour. Ask your grocer for it. Also for

Patapsco Family, North Point Family, Orange Grove Extra,
Patapsco Extra, Chesapeake Extra, Baldwin Family,
Cape Henry Family. Bedford Family.

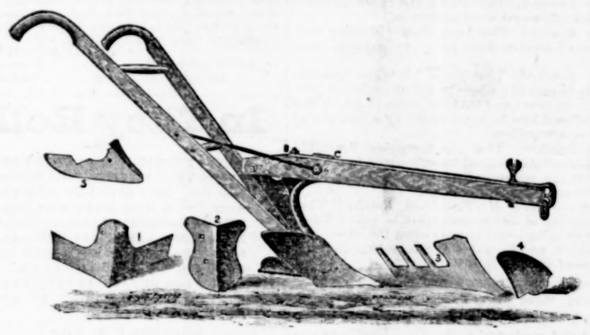
C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 32 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.
Represented by Mr. B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.
aug 19 6m

COAL! COAL!!

Hard and Soft at Reduced Prices.
Stoves, Ranges, Grates, Franklins.
Full Line of Cooking and Heating Stoves,
TIN WARE.
ALL GRADES BLACK AND GALVANIZED PIPE, BRASS STEAM FITTINGS.
TERACOTTA PIPE FOR CHIMNEY FLUES.
☞ *We are prepared for fitting up bath rooms for either Hot or Cold baths.* ☜
Tin Roofing and Guttering.
LARGE LINE OF STOVEREPAIRS, FIRE DOGS AND SHOVELS AND TONGS
Pump Pipe and Points for Drive Wells.
—*Price of Work and Goods Guaranteed.*—
feb 1 tf McMILLAN BROS.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.

HAVE ON HAND ANOTHER LARGE LOT OF DAISY PLOWS.



—ALSO—
Watt Plows, Stonewall and Carolina Cotton Plows,
Iron Age Cultivators, Double Shovels,
PLOW CASTINGS,
Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Hames, Trace Chains,
OLD HICKORY WAGONS
—AND—
CART WHEELS,
With a large stock of HEAVY GROCERIES. Almost everything the farmer wants can be had here, at prices to suit the hard times.
fed 3 tf

FAYETTEVILLE
WAREHOUSE COMPANY
—FOR THE SALE OF—
LEAF TOBACCO.
Sales on Thursday of Each Week.
A. B. WILLIAMS, President. E. T. McKETHAN, Sec'y and Treas.
feb 1 tf

SEED OATS AND RYE,
—THE BEST GRADES OF—
Flour, Coffee, Sugar, Laundry Soaps.
Starch, Batting, Yarns, and
STAPLE NOTIONS,
CAN BE BOUGHT CHEAP,
—AT—
E. T. McKETHAN'S,
MARKET SQUARE, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
feb 1 1y

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WALTER WATSON,
RAY'S CORNER, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Notice! Notice! Notice!
—TO—
Carpenters, Bricklayers, Mill Wrights Blacksmiths, Plasterers Stonemasons, and Turpentine Operators:
A FULL LINE OF THE VERY BEST
TOOLS
—CAN BE FOUND AT THE—
HARDWARE STORE
—OF—
WALTER WATSON,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
EDGE TOOLS,
GUNS, RIFLES, &C., &C.
—AGENT FOR—
Laflin & Rand's Celebrated ORANGE and other brands of **Sporting Powder.**
☞ Orders filled direct from magazine. ☜
—AGENT FOR—
Fairbanks Scales.
At Factory Prices.
A FULL STOCK OF
ENGLISH CAST STEEL, PLOW IRON AND STEEL, TIRE, BAND AND SHEET IRON, HORSE AND MULE SHOES HORSE SHOE NAILS, CUT AND WROUGHT NAILS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
I am still manufacturing
The Old-Fashioned Wrought Plow.
☞ I am now to be found at Ray's corner, opposite my former store.
dec 2 tf WALTER WATSON.

MUSHROOMS.
Olives, Chili Sauce, Pickled Onions, Mixed Pickles, Plain Pickles, Pickled Lamb's Tongue, Clams, Clam Chowder, Shrimps, Lunch Tongue, Ox Tongue, Salmon and Lobsters, at
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

THE
Aurora Watch
Is emphatically the best Watch made for the price.
—THE—
Aurora Watch
Is the most carefully and accurately made Watch, and is a first-class time keeper.
Warren Prior & Son
Are stockholders in the AURORA Watch Factory, and Selling agents for the AURORA Watch Co.
—*SELECT YOUR*—
WEDDING RING
—*AND*—
Bridal Presents
—*OF*—
PRIOR,
THE JEWELER.
feb 1 tf

A. GARRASON,
—DEALER IN—
HEAVY and FANCY GROCERIES.
General Family Supplies
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
aug 13 131-tf

Commissioner's Sale.

SUPERIOR COURT—HARNETT COUNTY

J. D. Williams *vs.* Duncan Morrison and others.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Harnett county, granted in this cause at Spring Term, 1887, I will expose to sale at public auction, in separate tracts, about 209 acres of Land located in the county of Cumberland, and about 3,772 acres located in the county of Harnett, for full description of which see mortgage deed from Malcolm Morrison and Duncan Morrison and wife S. C. Morrison to J. D. Williams, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Cumberland county, in Book E, No. 4, pages 517, 518, 519, 520 and 521, and in the office of the Register of Deeds of Harnett county, in Book T, pages 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14.

Place of sale, Market House in Fayetteville, N. C. Time of sale, Tuesday, March 29 1887, at 11 o'clock. Terms of sale, Cash. H. McD. ROBINSON, Commissioner.
Z. B. NEWTON, Attorney. feb 24 ts

Boneless Ham, Pic-Nic Hams.
FERRISS' MILD SUGAR-CURED
HAMS.
RICHMOND AND HOME-MADE
SAUSAGE
always in stock at
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. F. F. F. F. F. F.
REMEMBER, YOU WILL
Find First-class, Fine, Fresh, Flavored, Fancy
Family Groceies,
PROVISIONS, FRUITS, NUTS and CANDIES, at
R. T. SCANLIN'S.
Agent, No. 47 Person Street.
feb 3 tf

—IF IN WANT OF—
SPICES,
WHOLE OR GROUND,
Extracts and Essences,
Mustard,
DOMESTIC AND FRENCH,
PURE CIDER VINEGAR,
CALL AT
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

A new lot of those elegant
PIN MONEY PICKLES,
put up by a Richmond, Va., lady,
—AT—
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

E. F. MOORE
OFFERS TO THE TRADE
Guano, Acid, Kainit.
3,000 Bags Sea Fowl and Bradley's Guano.
1,000 Bags Acid.
1,000 Bags German Kainit.
Corn, Flour, Oats.
1,000 Bushels Corn.
1,000 Bushels Oats.
100 Barrels Flour.
—ALSO—
Bacon, Sugar, Coffee, Snuff. Soap, Molasses, Cotton Hoes, Tobacco, &c.
All of which will be sold at reasonable prices.
E. F. Moore.
feb 3 tf

I. A. MURCHISON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
ALSO AGENT FOR
Sale and Purchase of Real Estate.
Office on Bow Street, - Fayetteville, N. C.
feb 17 tf

For Rent.
A new and desirable Residence on Winslow street. Possession given on 15th inst.
mar 3-tf A. S. HUSKE & CO.

Administrator's Notice.
Having this day qualified as administrator of the state of Mrs. Sibel a Johnson, dec'd, notice is hereby given to all parties having claims against said estate to present them on or before February 25, 1888, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. Parties indebted to said estate will make immediate payment to the undersigned.
HENRY L. COOK, Adm'r
Feb. 25, 1887. 6t of Mrs. Sibella Johnson.

FIRST-CLASS
Blacksmithing and Repair Shop.
Horse Shoeing a Specialty, and done in the Best and Most Improved Style.
G. C. SCURLOCK.
Gillespie Street, opposite R. Burns' Livery Stable.
jan 20 Fayetteville, N. C. 3m

Lead and Oil.
We have just received the largest lot of
Brocklyn White Lead
—AND—
Linseed Oil
Ever Before Brought to This Market.
We bought in large quantities in order to get a SPECIAL DISCOUNT, and propose to give the trade THE ADVANTAGE OF IT.
You will find no trouble in selecting a color from our stock of
READY-MIXED PAINT.
We guarantee satisfaction. Call and see for yourselves at
T. W. Broadfoot & Co's. Drug Store.
feb 17 tf

Split Peas!
The novelty and attraction. Have you tried them?
—FRESH—
Oat Meal and Pearl Hominy,
—AT—
HEADQUARTERS.
G. A. THOMSON.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF A
Valuable House and Lot.
By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of the county of Cumberland, made in a special proceeding, *ex parte*, brought by the heirs of the late Anabella Cook, for the purpose of having a sale, and division of the proceeds, of a house and lot on Maiden Lane in the town of Fayetteville, I will, as Commissioner appointed by said Court, expose to sale at public auction that valuable House and Lot on Maiden Lane in said town, known as the "Mrs. Sibella Johnson place," and so long occupied by her as a family residence. The lot contains about one-eighth of an acre; the house is in good repair and is conveniently located. Title perfect.
Time of sale, Monday, March 28, 1887, at 12 o'clock M. Place of sale, Market House, Fayetteville, N. C. Terms of sale, Cash.
HENRY L. COOK, Commissioner.
Feb. 25, 1887. mar 3-4t

Old newspapers for sale. Apply at the OBSERVER office.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Battle Sketches.
25th Anniversary of the Great Battles and Campaigns of the Civil War.
The Quarter-Centennial of all the Engagements and Campaigns of the battle year 1862, will occur during 1887. This year commencing March 10, the
Greensboro North State,
GREENSBORO, N. C.,
Will publish a sketch of each important battle and campaign of the civil war during 1862, beginning with the engagement between the Merrimac and Monitor, fought March 9, 1862, and the battle of Pea Ridge, fought March 7 and 8, 1862. These will be followed at proper dates with Shiloh, the Peninsular Campaign, including Cold Harbor, June 27, 1862; Stonewall Jackson's Campaign against Banks, Milroy and Fremont. The Seven Days Before Richmond, Pope's Campaign, including Cedar Mountain, Gainesville and Chantilly, South Mountain and Antietam, the invasion of Kentucky by Bragg and Kirby Smith, Corrinth and Stone River.
These sketches will be followed next year by histories of the battles of 1863, and so on each year until the close at Appomattox. This series of sketches will close in April, 1890, and will give an accurate historical and statistical record of the great civil war.
The sketches will be handsomely illustrated, and all combined will make a valuable and important history of the great struggle.
Terms: Greensboro North State $1.50 a year in advance. KEOGH & BOYD,
Greensboro, N. C.
mar 10 6

—TRY—
Cheese and Macaroni,
when you need a change; or nice
Chipped Beef Broiled,
carefully furnished at
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

LIVERY.
Excellent Horses
FOR THE
CARRIAGE AND SADDLE.
I have recently made additions to my stock of excellent horses for riding and driving; and ladies can, especially, can be furnished with an animal of action and spirit, and at the same time gentle and safe. Comfortable carriages and buggies, as neat and stylish phaeton, with good stock and carefull drivers, give me confidence in a continuance and increase of the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon me.
may 13 tf GEO. A. BURNS.

RAISINS!
Valencia, New Crop, at 10 cents a pound
London Layers
always in stock.
PLAIN, FANCY and FRENCH
Candies,
Nuts
every variety, at
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

To Mexican Soldiers and Their Widows.
The undersigned will procure pensions for Mexican Soldiers and their Widows under the recent Act of Congress. He has a perfect roll of the First Regt. N. C. Volunteers, Mexican War, copied from the Adjutant's Books in 1847, and also a perfect list of the deaths and discharges from the same, which is the only one in existence out of the Department at Washington. Pensions procured or information gotten therefrom at reasonable rates.
Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 25, 1887. JNO. M. ROSE. jan 27 tf

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.
OFFICE:
North-east corner Hale Square.
April 20, 1880. tf

TIN!
Another big drive in Tinware at
HEADQUARTERS,
G. A. THOMSON.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R
AND BRANCHES.
Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Dec. 27, 1886.	No. 48. Daily.	No. 41. Daily.
Leave Weldon	2 15 P. M.	5 38 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	3 33 "	
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	
Leave Tarboro	11 30 P. M.	
Arrive Wilson	4 05 P. M.	6 58 P. M.
Leave Wilson	4 09 "	
Arrive Selma	5 40 "	
Arrive Fayetteville	8 30 "	
		7 40 "
Leave Goldsboro	4 54 "	
Leave Warsaw	5 54 "	
Leave Burgaw	7 00 "	
Arrive Wilmington	7 50 "	9 35 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 47. Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 50 A. M.	8 40 P. M.
Leave Burgaw	9 34 "	9 50 "
Leave Warsaw	10 37 "	10 57 "
Arrive Goldsboro	11 35 "	11 58 "
Leave Fayetteville	8 00 "	
Arrive Selma	10 47 "	
Arrive Wilson	11 39 "	
Leave Wilson	12 25 P. M.	12 51 A. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	12 40 "	
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	
Leave Tarboro	11 30 A. M.	
Arrive Weldon	2 35 P. M.	2 20 A. M.

A Freight and Passenger train on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday leaves Smithfield at 6 a. m. and arrives at Fayetteville at 10 a. m. Leaves Fayetteville at 3 p. m. and arrives at Smithfield at 6 p. m.

Freight and Passenger Train on Monday, Wednesday and Friday leaves Smithfield at 7.30 a. m. and arrives at Wilson at 10:00 a. m. Leaves Wilson at 3:25 p. m. and arrives at Smithfield at 5:30 p. m.

Passenger Train north from Fayetteville connects with R. & D. R. R. at Selma for Raleigh and Greensboro.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Halifax for Scotland Neck at 3.00 P. M. Returning leaves Scotland Neck at 9.30 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albemarle & Raleigh R. R. Daily except Sunday, 6.00 P. M. Sunday 5.00 P. M., arrive Williamston, N. C., 6.40 P. M. Returning leaves Williamston, N. C., Daily except Sunday, 8.00 A. M. Sunday 9.50 A. M. arrive Tarboro, N. C., 10.05 A. M., 11.30 A. M.

Train on Midland, N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C. Daily except Sunday, 5.20 P. M., arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.00 P. M. Returning leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 A. M., arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.00 A. M.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No. 51. Northbound is No. 52.

Train No. 40 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

Trains make close connection for all points North via Richmond and Washington.

All Trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

J. R. KENLY, General Sup't Trans.
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.
T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
oct 21 tf